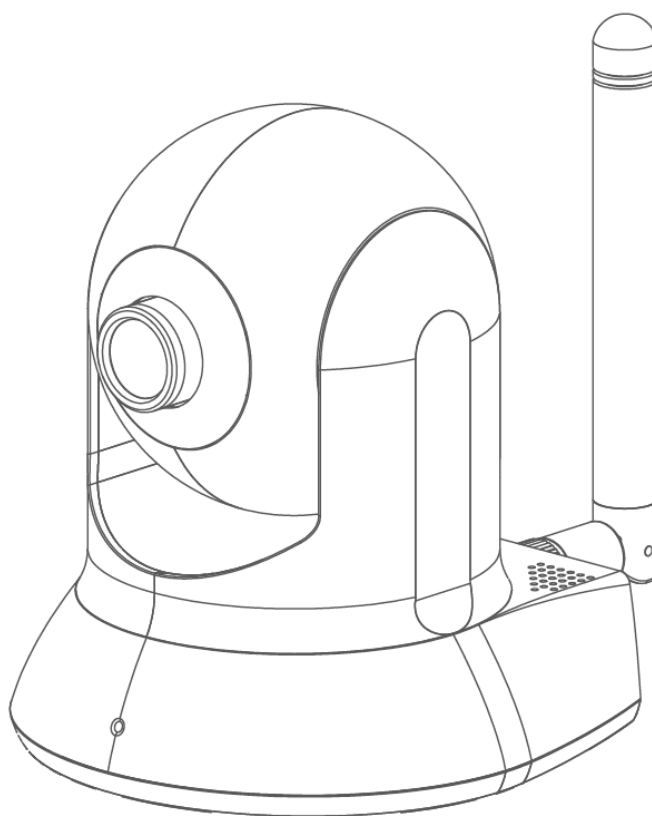




Afidus MM-220F7 / MM-230F7 2M PT IR IP Camera



Owner's Record

The model and serial numbers are located at the bottom of device. Record these numbers in the spaces provided below. Refer to these numbers whenever you call upon your dealer regarding this product.

Model No. MM220F7, MM230F7

Serial No. _____

WARNING

To prevent fire or shock hazard, do not expose the unit to rain or moisture.

For AC Adaptor to avoid electrical shock, do not open the cabinet. Refer servicing to qualified personnel only.

Notice: The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

For customers in the U.S.A.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

You are cautioned that any changes or modifications not expressly approved in this manual could void your authority to operate this equipment.

The shielded interface cable recommended in this manual must be used with this equipment in order to comply with the limits for a digital device pursuant to Subpart B of Part 15 of FCC Rules.

Declaration of Conformity

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

IMPORTANT NOTE: To comply with the FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, no change to the antenna or the device is permitted. Any change to the antenna or the device could result in the device exceeding the RF exposure requirements and void user's authority to operate the device.

NOTICE TO USERS

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We reserve the right to make any modification to this manual or the information contained herein at any time without notice. The software described herein may also be governed by the terms of a separate user license agreement.

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Overview

The user's guide explains how to operate this camera from a computer. User should read this manual completely and carefully before you operate the device.

Introduction

This camera is an inexpensive and fully scalable surveillance device. Because the Network Cameras can be plugged into your existing local area network (LAN), you will potentially save thousands of dollars from unnecessary cabling.

The device is accessible via the LAN or Internet connection. Connect your device directly to a local area network or xDSL modem, and with Microsoft® Internet Explorer you get instant, on demand video streams. Within minutes you can set up the device to capture a video sequence to a PC. The live video can be uploaded to a website for the world to see.

Features

- **ONVIF compliant**
- **Easy installation with setup wizard (IP Wizard II)**
- **UPnP device discovery and NAT router transversal for easy installation**
- **Dynamic IP Service, DDNS®, to search your IP camera from Internet easily**
- **Wide and fast Pan range: 355 degree and 90 degree/sec**
- **Wide and fast Tilt range: 120 degree and 90 degree/sec**
- **Built-in 10 IR LEDs for night mode or low Lux. Environment**
- **Day and night function with ICR**
- **H.264, MPEG4 and JPEG triple compression simultaneously**
- **2 Mega-pixel resolution**
- **2 Mega-pixel or 720P mode selectable**
- **20-profile encoder simultaneously**
- **UDP / TCP / HTTP / HTTPS protocols selectable**
- **IEEE 802.11n wireless LAN (WLAN model)**
- **WEP/WPA/WPA2-PSK wireless security (WLAN model)**
- **WPS by PBC mode for easy wireless setting**
- **3GPP for 3G mobile remote application**
- **Smartphone accessible**

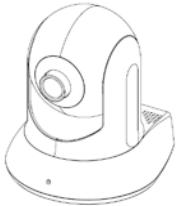





- **Digital zoom**
- **Built-in microphone**
- **Audio line out**
- **Two-way audio**
- **Micro SD slot**
- **Intelligent motion detection up to 10 zones**
- **Audio detection**
- **Voice alerting while event triggered**
- **Privacy masks**
- **3D de-noise to improve picture quality at low lux.**
- **Go to preset once motion triggered**
- **Image transmission using an FTP or e-mail for event**
- **Digital sensor input and alarm output**
- **DDNS and PPPoE**
- **Multi-channel control software for surveillance application**
- **On-line firmware upgrade**
- **802.3af PoE support (PoE model)**

Minimum System Requirements

- **Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0 or later**
- **Microsoft Media Player 11.0 or later (to playback recorded file)**
- **VGA Monitor resolution 1280 x 1024 or higher**
- **Pentium-4 3.6 GHz or higher**
- **Memory Size: 1GB or more**
- **Windows XP, Vista, 7**

Package Contents

User can find the following items in the package:

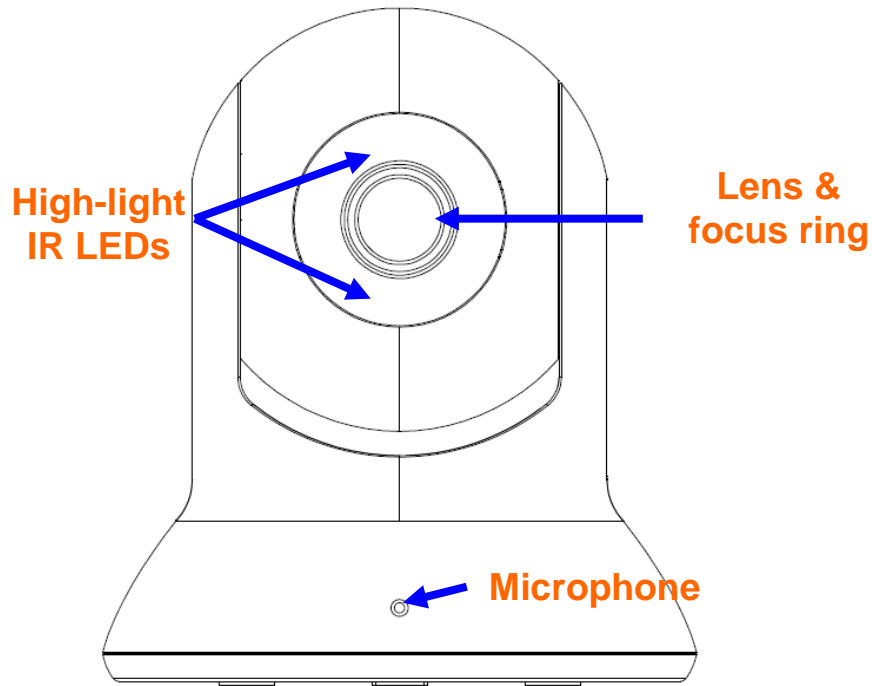
Item	Descriptions
	1. This camera is the main element of the product.
	2. Camera mount kit and pads
	3. Detachable WLAN antenna (for WLAN model only)
	4. Power adapter dedicates 12V DC electric power output to Network Camera.
	5. User's manual CD provides important information and instructions for operating the Network Camera..
	6. Quick start guide provides important information and instructions for installing this device.

If any of the above items are missing, please contact your dealer immediately.

Note: Using a power supply with a different voltage than the one included with the Network Camera will cause damage and void the warranty for this product.

Physical Description

Front View



High-light IR LEDs

These LEDs are white-light type. It's very useful for low-lux environment to provide supplementary light source for image sensor.

Lens & focus ring

User could use this ring to adjust focus manually.

Microphone

The Camera has built-in an internal microphone. This microphone is hidden in the pinhole located on the front panel.

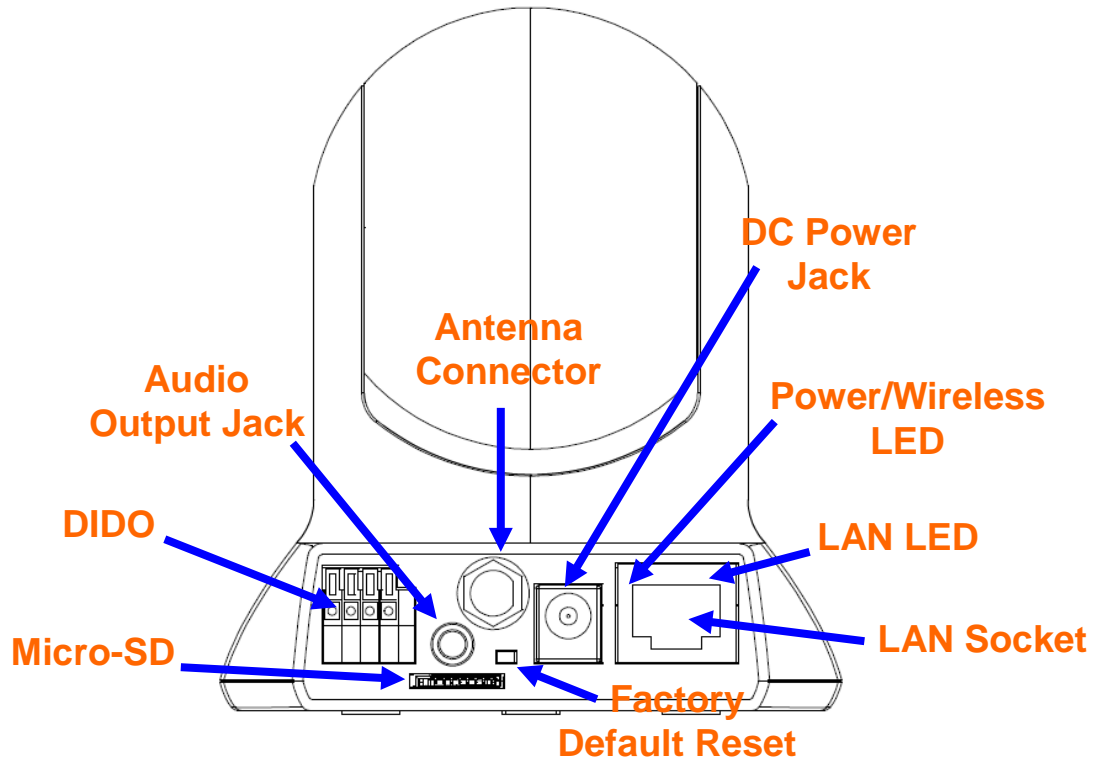
Rear View

Audio Output Jack

Audio-out Jack allows this device to output audio or alerting sound.

DC Power Jack

The input power is 12VDC. **Note** that supply the power to the Camera with the power adapter included in package. Otherwise, the improper power adapter may damage the unit and result in danger.



Antenna Connector

User can attach the included antenna to this connector (SMA type) or use another high-gain antenna to get higher performance.

Factory Default Reset

This button is hidden in the pinhole. This button is used to restore the all factory default settings. Sometimes restarting the camera will make the system back to a normal state. If the system still got problems after restart, user can restore the factory default settings and install it again. To restore the device, please follow the steps below:

1. Make sure the Camera is ready first. Insert the paper clip or other tool and press and hold the button down continuously.
2. Hold it at least 5 seconds and release the tool while the Camera is operating. Then the device has been restored to default settings and reboot again.

Note: Restoring the factory default setting will lose the all previous settings included IP address forever. User needs to run the IPWizard II program to search the device and configure it to let the device work properly again.

LAN Socket

The LAN socket is a RJ-45 connector for connections to 10Base-T Ethernet or 100Base-TX Fast Ethernet cabling. This Ethernet port built N-Way protocol can detect or negotiate the transmission speed of the network automatically. Please use Category 5 cable to connect the Network Camera to a 100Mbps Fast Ethernet network switch or hub.

LAN LED (green color)

This LED will be flashing while network accessing via Ethernet.

System / Wireless LED (orange color)

This LED is used to indicate whether the Camera is ready or not. In addition, this LED will be flashing while the wireless accessing of the Camera (WLAN model only).

DI/DO Connector

The Camera provides a terminal block with 4 pins of connectors for DI and DO. Please refer to the Appendix A in this manual for more information. The pin 1 is located at the left side of terminal block from rear view.

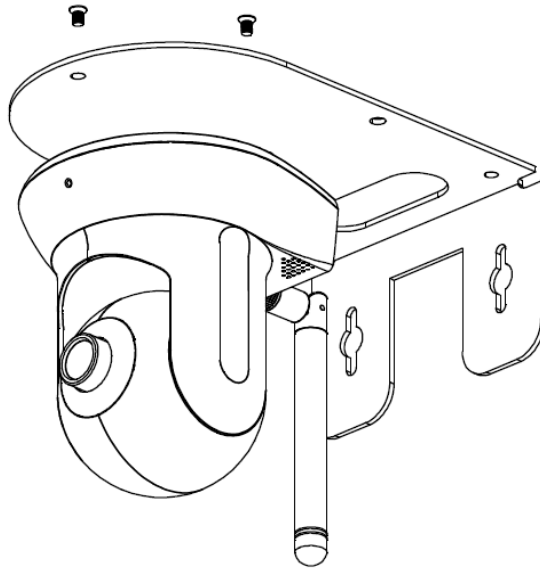
Micro SD Card Slot

User can insert a micro SD card into this slot for event recording.

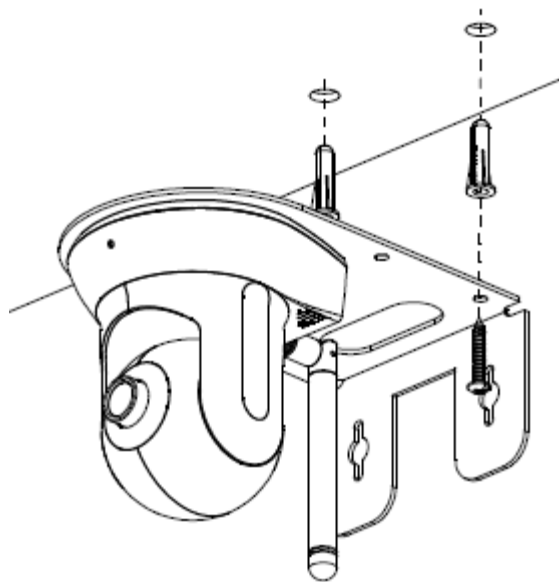
Mounting the Camera

Ceiling Mount

- 1. Fix the camera to L-type bracket with the two supplied screws**

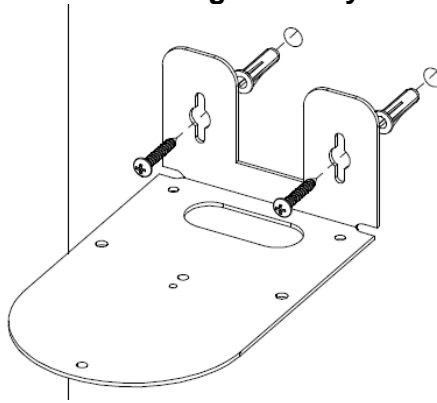


- 2. Fix the bracket and camera to the ceiling using two holly wall anchors and screws**

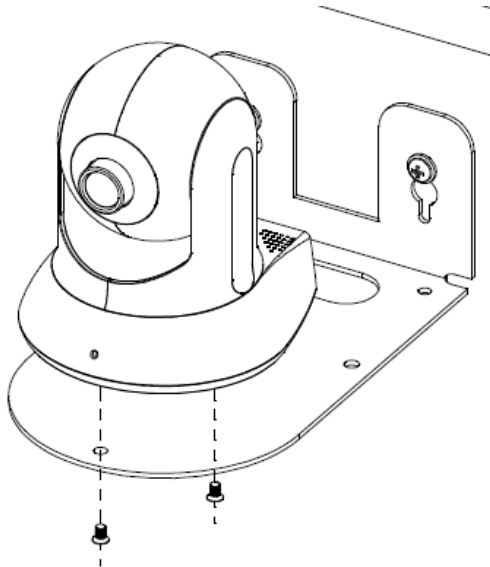


Wall Mount

1. Fix the L-type bracket to the wall using two holly wall anchors and screws



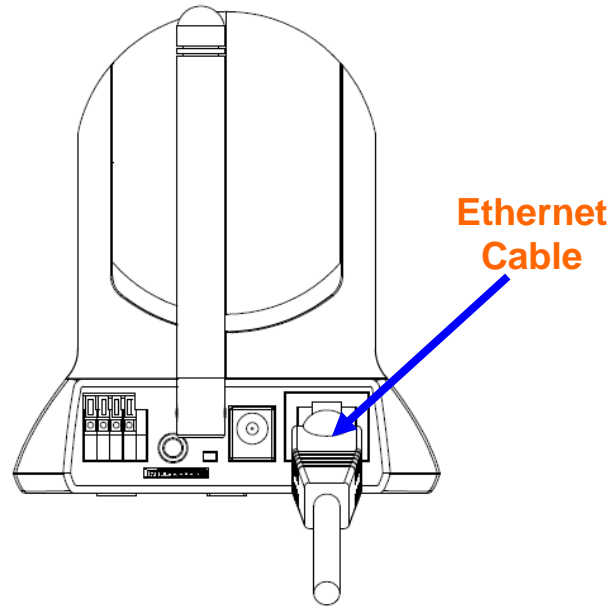
2. Fix the camera to L-type bracket with the two supplied screws



Install the Camera in LAN

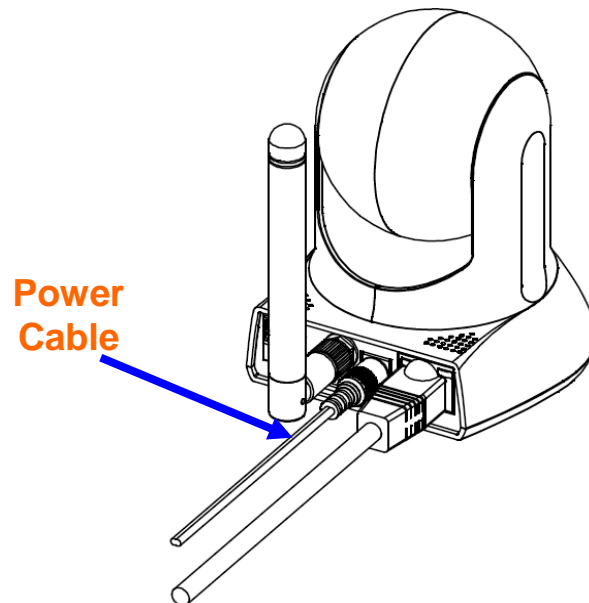
1. Plug an Ethernet cable into the Camera

Connect an Ethernet cable to the LAN socket located on the camera's rear and attach it to the network.



2. Connect the external power supply to Camera

Connect the attached power adapter to the DC power jack of the camera. **Note:** Use the power adapter, 12VDC, included in the package and connect it to wall outlet for AC power.



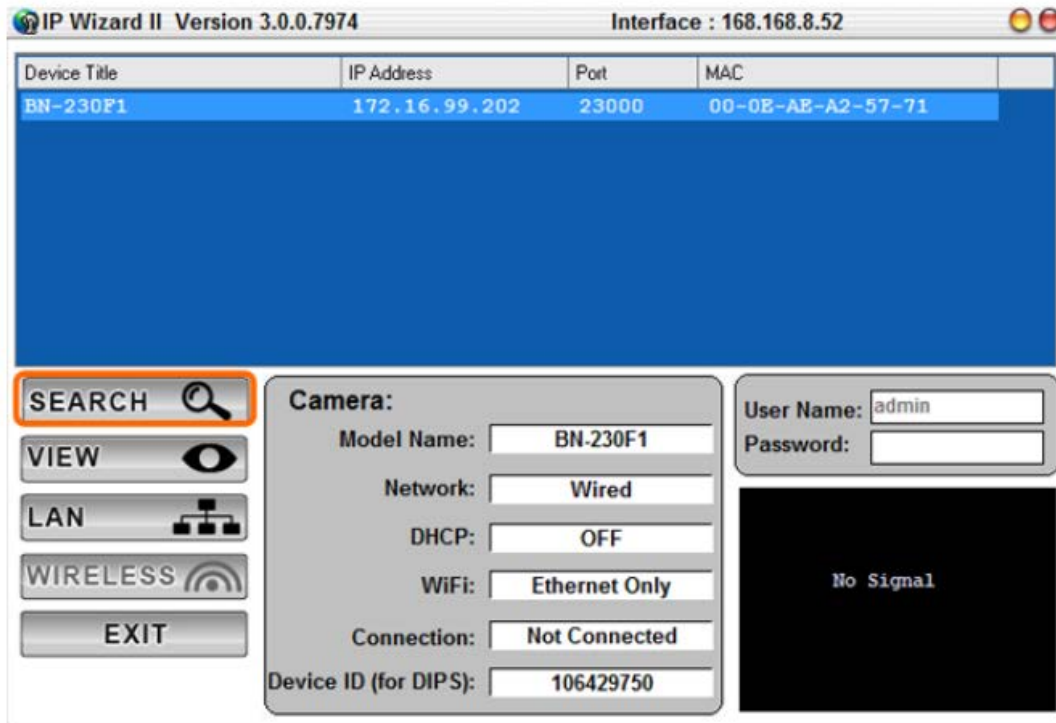
Once you have installed the camera well and powered it on, the Power LED (orange) will turn on later. Once the Power LED turned on, it means the system is booting up successfully. Furthermore, if you have a proper network connection, and access to the camera, the LAN LED (green) will flash green under wired mode.

Preparation

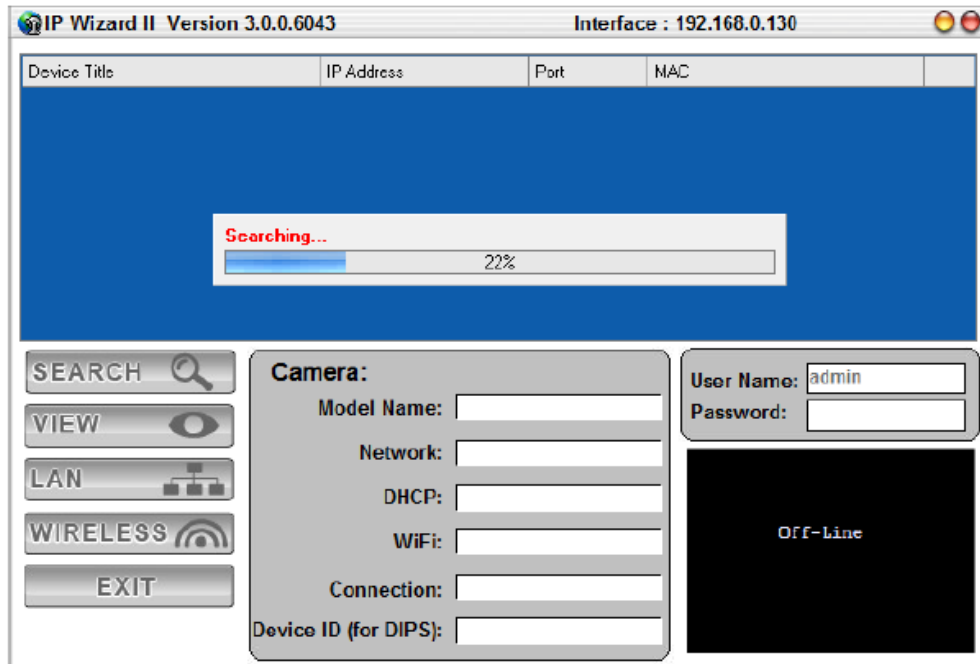
Search and Set up by IPWizard II

When you installed the Camera on a LAN environment, you have two easy ways to search your Cameras by IPWizard II or UPnP™ discovery. Here is the way to execute IPWizard II to discover Camera's IP address and set up related parameter in a Camera.

Search

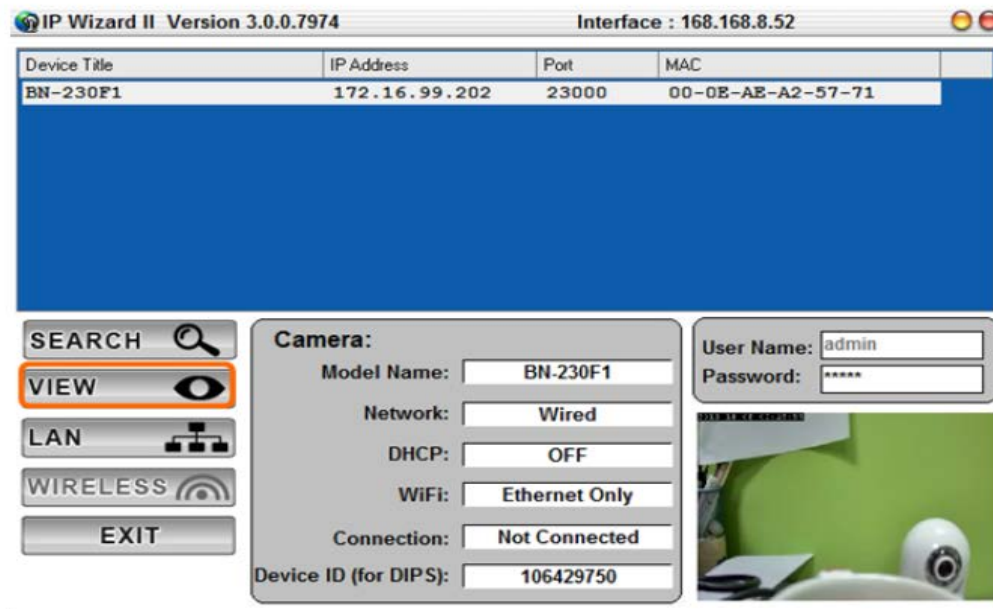


When launch the IPWizard II, a searching window will pop up. IPWizard II is starting to search Network Cameras on the LAN. The existed devices will be listed as below.



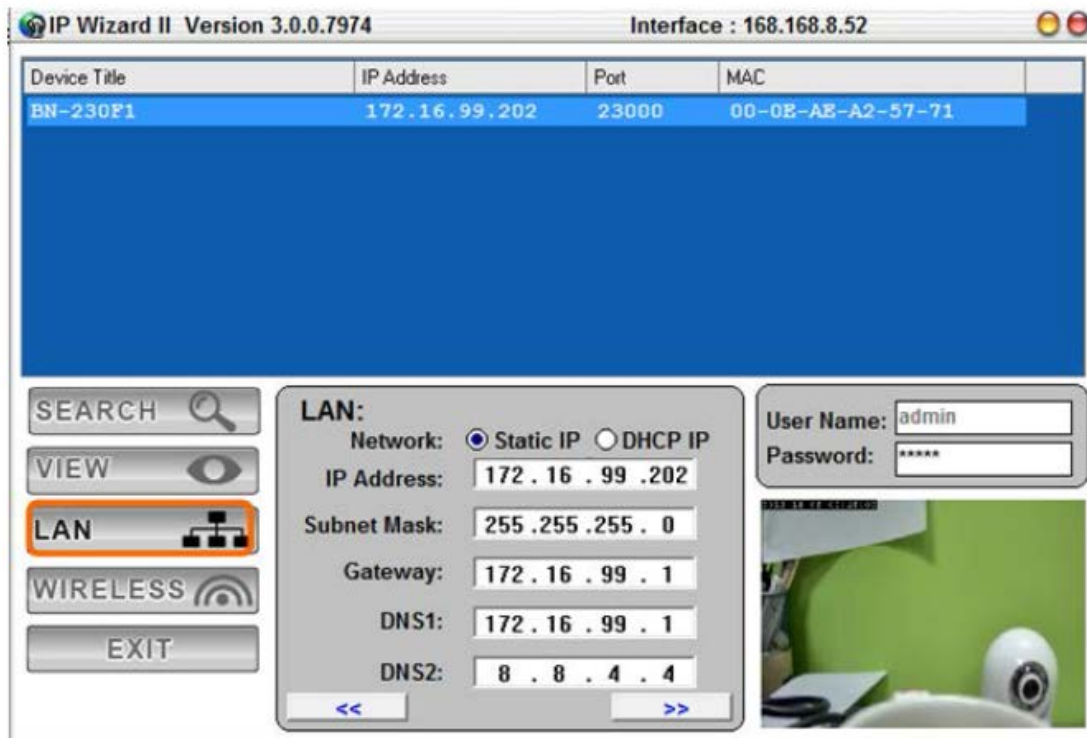
View

If IPWizard II finds network devices, **View** button will be available. Please select the device you want to view and click the **View** button. Then you could see the video from camera directly. Furthermore you could double click the left button of mouse to link to the network device by browser.

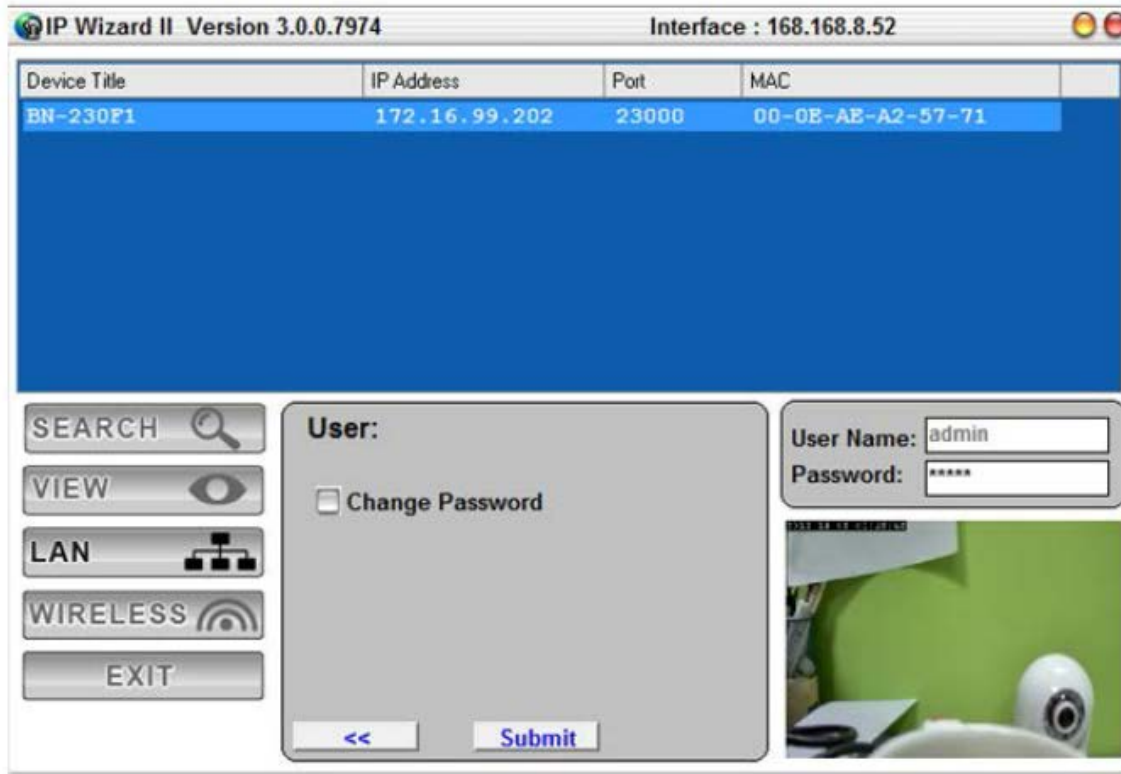


LAN

In case you want to change the IP related parameters of wired interface, please select the device you want to configure and click the **LAN** button. Relative settings will be carried out as below.

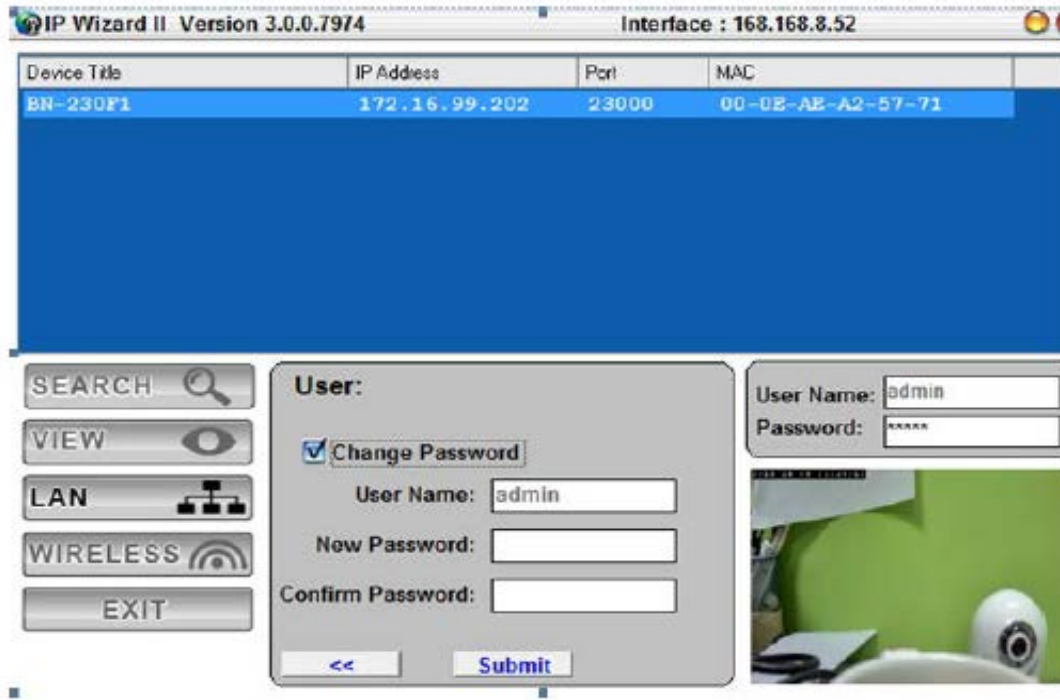


You could modify the relative settings of the selected device. Click “<<” button will quit the LAN setting procedure and click “>>” button will move to next page as below.



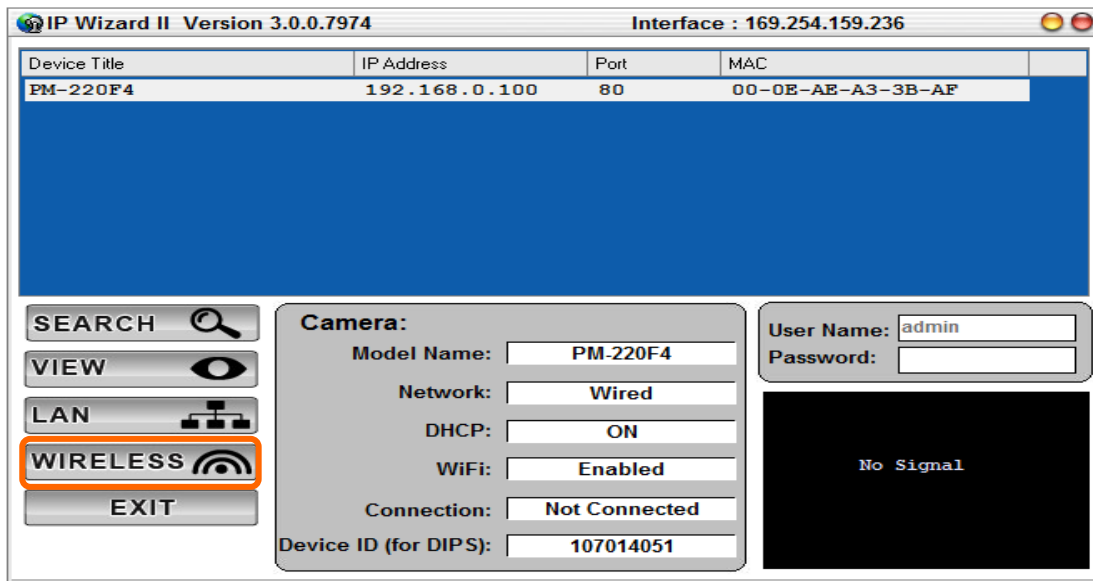
In case, you do not want to change username and/or password, then just click “ **Submit**” button to perform your setting accordingly. Click “ <<” button will go back to previous page.

If you like to change username and/or password of the device, just click the check button. Then, the related fields will show up as below.



After keying in new username and password, click “ **Submit**” button to perform your setting accordingly. Click “ <<” button will go back to previous page.

Wireless



In case you want to change the IP related parameters of wireless interface, please select

the device you want to configure and click the **WIRELESS** button. Relative settings will be carried out as above.

Click SSID to select your wireless AP or router and key in WEP or WPA key.

IP Wizard II Version 3.0.0.7974 Interface : 169.254.159.236

BSSID	SSID	MODE	CHANNEL	ENCRYPTION	SIGNAL
14:D6:4D:E4:4A:F8	Kevin-Dlink	Infrastructure	10	WPA	23
CC:B2:55:62:74:50	AMTK-Sales	Infrastructure	2	WPA	7
C0:4A:00:47:75:A2	AMTK+Wi-Fi	Infrastructure	2	WPA	7
00:19:CB:BF:1A:FC	ZyXEL-AMTK	Infrastructure	6	WPA	18
1C:71:E5:5F:EB:02	CHT+Wi-Fi%28H...	Infrastructure	6	Off	7
1C:7E:E5:5F:EB:02	CHT+Wi-Fi+Auto	Infrastructure	6	WPA	13
06:26:87:01:24:5C	CG-Guest	Infrastructure	2	Off	7
00:50:7F:CE:66:CC	AMTK_DEMO2	Infrastructure	8	WPA	7
00:26:87:01:24:5C	Afidus	Infrastructure	2	WPA	0

SEARCH VIEW LAN WIRELESS EXIT

WLAN:
 SSID: Afidus
 BSSID: 00:26:87:01:24:5C
 Type: Infrastructure
 Channel: AUTO
 Security Mode: WPA_PSK/WPA2_PSK
 WPA Mode: TKIP
 WPA Key: *****
 (ASCII: 8~63 Digits; HEX: 64 Digits)

User Name: admin
 Password: *****

No Signal

Click >> to next step:

IP Wizard II Version 3.0.0.5730 Interface : 192.168.0.198

BSSID	SSID	MODE	CHANNEL	ENCRYPTION	SIGNAL
08:18:E7:CF:AD:2C	default	Infrastructure	3	Off	60
00:A0:B0:DD:74:70	AMTK	Infrastructure	1	WPA	60
00:B0:0C:01:2C:18	default-R	Infrastructure	1	WPA	100
00:B0:0C:01:4B:90	AMTK-DEMO	Infrastructure	1	WPA	43
00:0A:79:D1:81:A0	ABC	Infrastructure	1	WEP	26
00:A0:B0:DD:74:71		Infrastructure	1	Off	70
00:26:18:6A:88:1F	Jason	Infrastructure	1	Off	26
00:26:87:01:24:5C	00268701245D	Infrastructure	4	WPA	20
06:26:87:01:24:5C	SQA-Andrea	Infrastructure	4	WEP	53
00:7D:68:5C:45:FA	dlink-Tom-...	Infrastructure	6	WPA	50

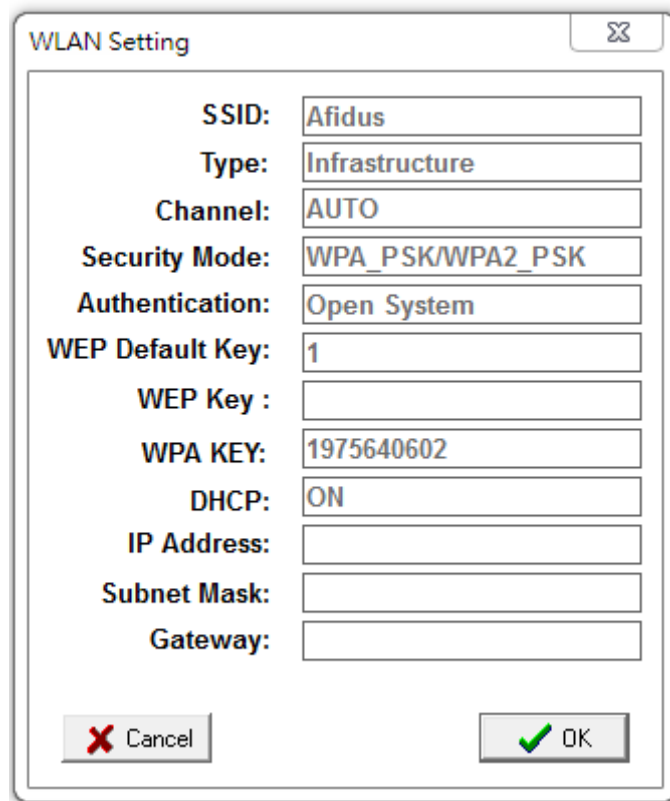
SEARCH VIEW LAN WIRELESS EXIT

WLAN:
 Network: ☐ Static IP ☒ DHCP IP
 IP Address: 192.168.1.10
 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
 Gateway: 192.168.1.1
 Interface Mode: ☐ Wired only ☒ Auto

User Name: admin
 Password:

Off-Line

Make sure wireless setting and then submit it.



WLAN Setting

SSID: Afidus

Type: Infrastructure

Channel: AUTO

Security Mode: WPA_PSK/WPA2_PSK

Authentication: Open System

WEP Default Key: 1

WEP Key :

WPA KEY: 1975640602

DHCP: ON

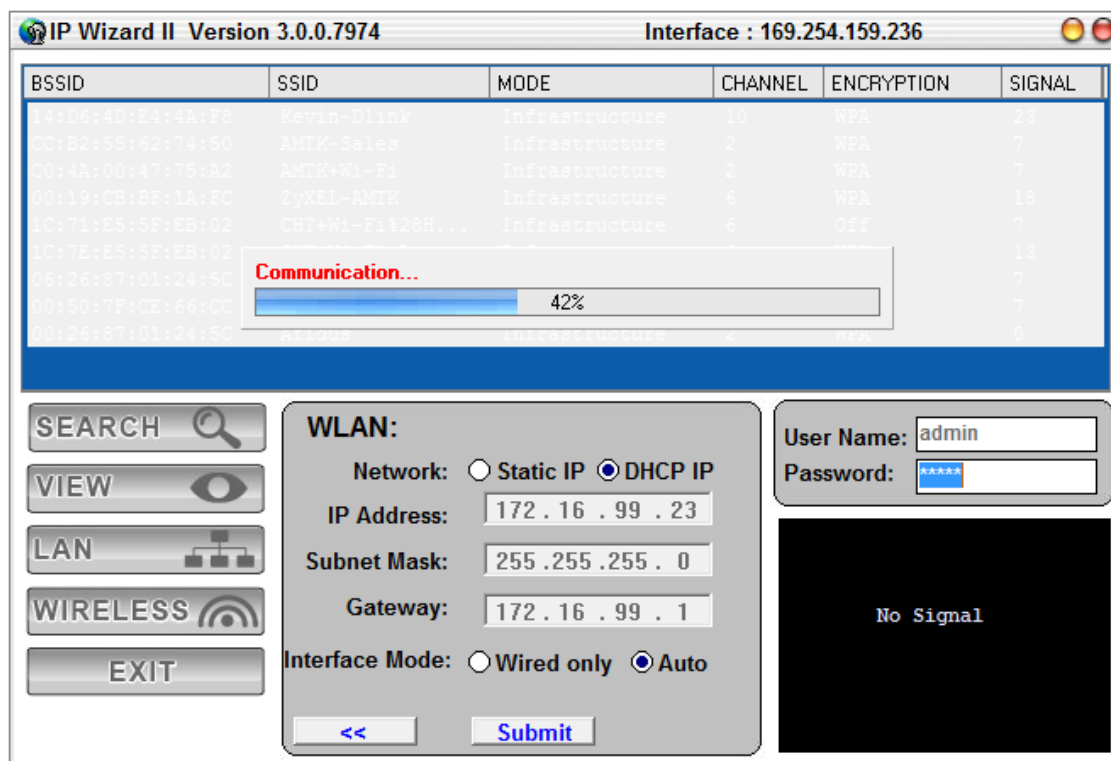
IP Address:

Subnet Mask:

Gateway:

Cancel OK

Click **OK** to confirm these parameters, then IPWizard II will start to configure this camera with specified information.



IP Wizard II Version 3.0.0.7974 Interface : 169.254.159.236

BSSID	SSID	MODE	CHANNEL	ENCRYPTION	SIGNAL
14:06:40:E4:74:1F	Kevin-Drink	Infrastructure	10	WPA	23
CC:B2:55:62:74:50	AMTK-Sales	Infrastructure	2	WPA	7
C0:4A:00:47:75:A2	AMTK-Wi-Fi	Infrastructure	2	WPA	7
00:19:CB:BF:1A:FC	2yXEL-AMTK	Infrastructure	6	WPA	18
1C:71:E5:5F:EB:02	CHI-Wi-Fi428H...	Infrastructure	6	Off	7
1C:7E:E5:5F:EB:02					13
06:26:87:01:24:5C					7
00:50:7F:CE:66:CC					7
00:26:87:01:24:5C					0

Communication... 42%

SEARCH **VIEW** **LAN** **WIRELESS** **EXIT**

WLAN:

Network: ☐ Static IP ☒ DHCP IP

IP Address: 172 . 16 . 99 . 23

Subnet Mask: 255 .255 .255 . 0

Gateway: 172 . 16 . 99 . 1

Interface Mode: ☐ Wired only ☒ Auto

User Name: admin

Password: *****

No Signal

<< Submit

Once this step finished, IPWizard II will prompt you to unplug the Ethernet cable to activate wireless access. Then IPWizard II will prompt you to test wireless setting or finish wireless procedure as below.

IP Wizard II Version 3.0.0.7974
Interface : 169.254.159.236

BSSID	SSID	MODE	CHANNEL	ENCRYPTION	SIGNAL
14:D6:4D:E4:4A:FC	Kevin-Dlink	Infrastructure	10	WPA	23
CC:B2:55:62:74:50	AMTK-Sales	Infrastructure	2	WPA	7
C0:4A:00:47:75:A2	AMTK+W1-F1	Infrastructure	2	WPA	7
00:19:CB:BF:1A:FC	ZyXEL-AMTK	Infrastructure	6	WPA	18
1C:71:E5:5F:EB:02	CHI+W1-Fi428H...	Infrastructure	6	Off	7
1C:7E:E5:5F:EB:02	CHI+W1-Fi+Auto	Infrastructure	6	WPA	13
06:26:87:01:24:5C	CG-Guest	Infrastructure	2	Off	7
00:50:7F:CE:66:CC	AMTK_DEMO2	Infrastructure	8	WPA	7
00:26:87:01:24:5C	Afidus	Infrastructure	2	WPA	0

SEARCH
VIEW
LAN
WIRELESS
EXIT

WLAN:

MAC: 6C:71:D9:7B:06:56

TEST

Finish

User Name: admin

Password: *****

No Signal

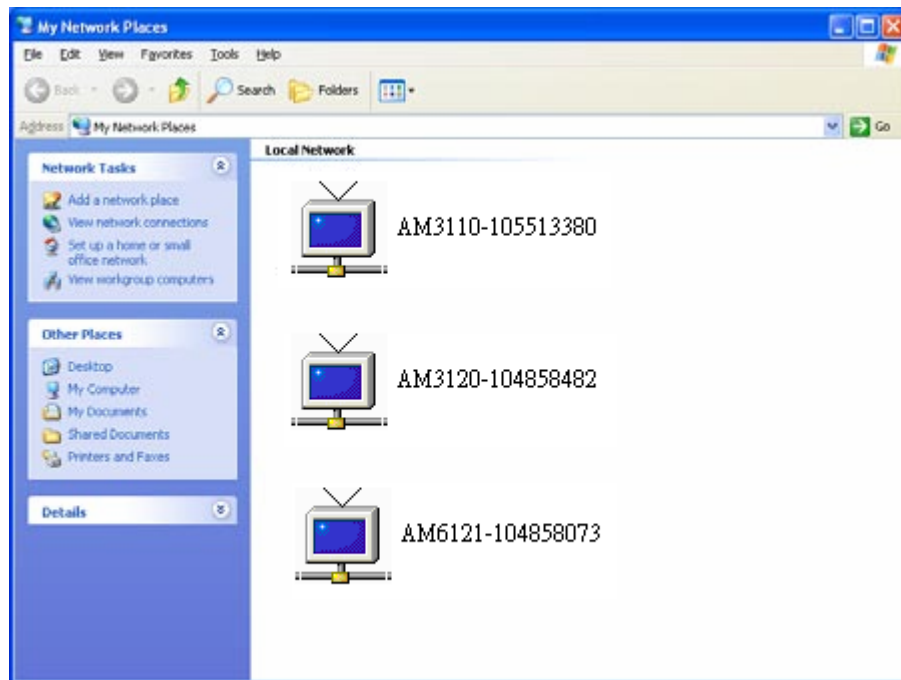
UPnP of Windows® XP, Vista or 7

UPnP™ is short for Universal Plug and Play, which is a networking architecture that provides compatibility among networking equipment, software, and peripherals. This device is an UPnP enabled device. If the operating system, Windows XP, Vista or 7, of your PC is UPnP enabled, the Network Camera will be very easy to be found.

Please make sure to enable UPnP settings first if your operating system of PC is running Windows XP.

Note: Windows 2000 does not support UPnP feature.

To discover your device, go to your Desktop and click **My Network Places**.



Click the targeted **Device**. Then Internet Explorer will connect to this Network Camera automatically.

Install the Device behind a NAT Router

Once installed, the device is accessible on your LAN. To access the device from the Internet you must configure your broadband router to allow incoming data traffic to the device. If the device is installed on the LAN with a router, then it may get a dynamic IP address from the DHCP server. However, if the device wants to be accessed from the WAN, its IP address needs to be setup as fixed IP, also the port forwarding or Virtual Server function of router needs to be setup.

However, if your NAT router supports UPnP feature, it can be very easy to achieve NAT traversal automatically. To do this, enable the NAT-traversal feature, which will attempt to automatically configure the router to allow access to the camera.

Installing the device with an UPnP router on your network is an easy 3–step procedure:

- ☐ (1) Enable UPnP option of your NAT router
- ☐ (2) Enable UPnP NAT traversal option of the Network Camera (default)
- ☐ (3) Access your Network Camera by DDNS

(1) Enable UPnP option of your NAT router

To use UPnP IGD function (NAT traversal), you need to make sure the UPnP function is enabled in your router. Most new home routers should support this function. Some of routers are default enable and others are not. Please check user's manual of your NAT router for detail.

(2) Enable UPnP NAT traversal option of the Network Camera

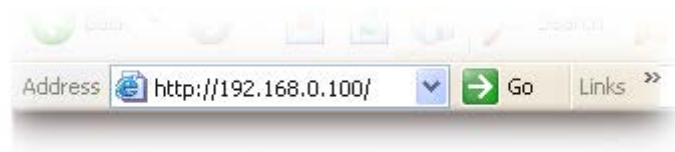
Refer to **Setting → Network → UPnP** page for detail NAT traversal setting. Note that this option is default enabled.

(3) Access your Network Camera by DDNS

Refer to **Setting → System → System** page for detail DDNS information.

Access the device from the Internet Explorer for the first time

1. Start the web browser on the computer and type the IP address of the Camera you want to monitor as below:



The Login Window of the Camera is prompted:



2. Type in your login name and password under “USERNAME” and “PASSWORD” textbox.

For the first time use (default value), input the

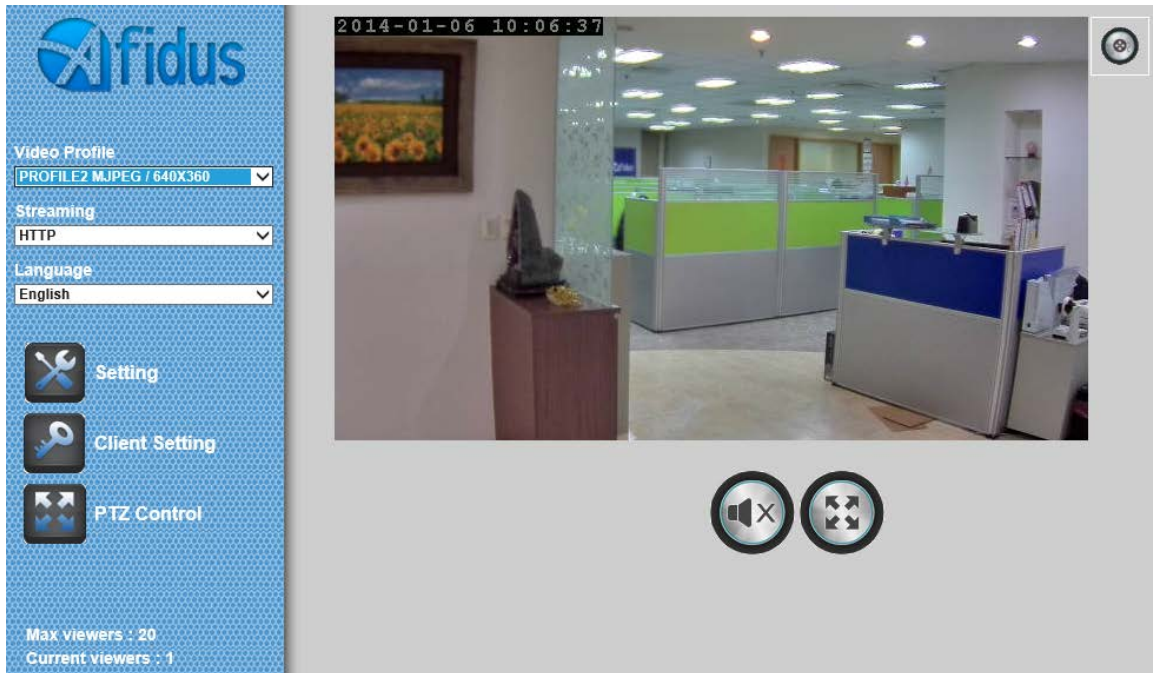
User Name: **admin**

Password: **admin**

That's, type in “**admin**” on the “USERNAME” as a default name and leave PASSWORD textbox blank. Click “OK” button to start the main menu.

3. According your browser's security setting, the IE Web Page may prompt the "Security Warning" window. If so, select "Yes" to install and run the ActiveX control into your PC. Otherwise, the system will load the ActiveX silently.

4. After the ActiveX control was installed and ran, the first image will be displayed.



Logging in as an User

If you log in the Camera as an ordinary User, "Setting" function will be not accessible.

Logging in as an Administrator

If you log in the Camera as the Administrator, you can perform all the settings provided by the device.

Operating the Network Camera

Start-up screen will be as follow no matter an ordinary users or an administrator.



Monitor Image Section

The image shot by the device is shown here. The date and time are displayed at the top of the window.

Video Profile

The device supports multi-profile function for H.264, MPEG4 and JPEG simultaneously. User can chose the proper and/or preferred profile which is listed here.

Streaming Protocol

User can select proper streaming protocol according to networking environment.

Language

The device could provide multiple languages to meet customer's requirement.

2-Way Audio

The device supports 2-way audio function. User can chose to enable or disable this function by toggling the icon below.



: Disable audio uploading function.



: Enable audio uploading function.

Full Screen

Enlarge video to full screen display.

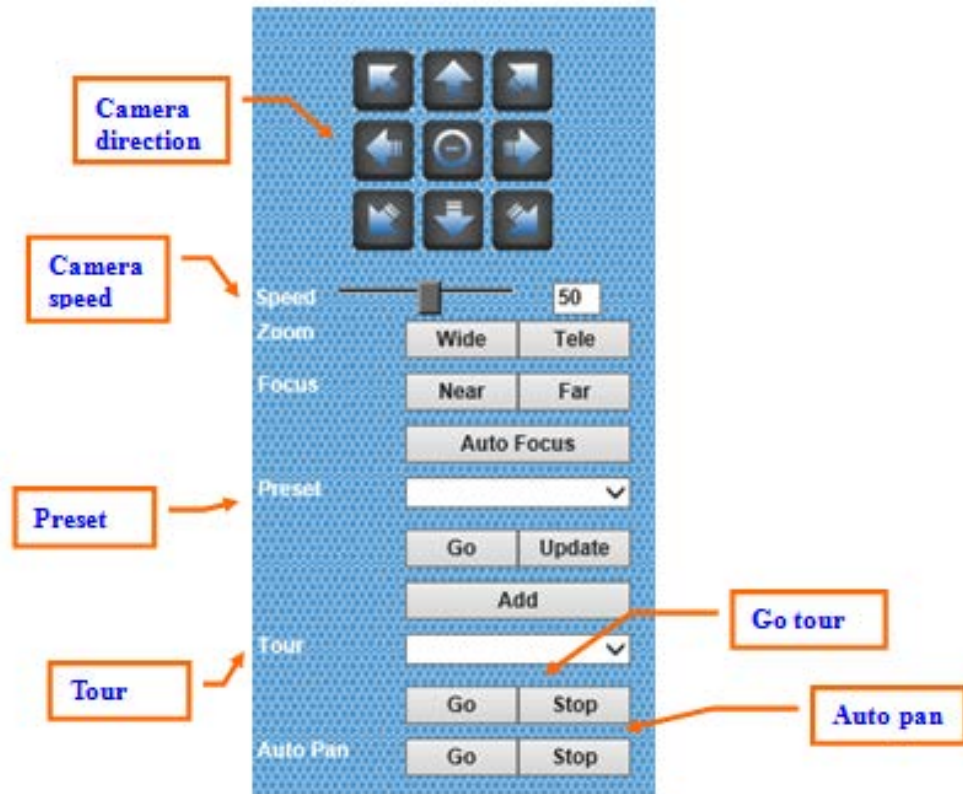


: Enlarge video to full screen display. Press “ESC” key to disable this function.

PTZ Control

Note that this function is enabled by “camera protocol” been set first.

Click to display the following control panel:



Camera direction:
Control camera up/down/left/right and home position.

Camera speed:
Choose the speed of Pan and Tilt.

Preset:
Add/Update the preset positions or go to one of these positions.

Tour:
Select one of the camera tours. Camera tour is comprised by series of preset locations.

Go tour:
Execute the selected camera tour.

Auto Pan:
Execute the auto pan of camera. While auto pan is running, the camera will swing the camera automatically. Note that the speed of auto pan is fixed and can not be adjustable.

Auto Pan:
Execute the auto pan of camera. While auto pan is running, the camera will swing the camera automatically. Note that the speed of auto pan is fixed and can not be adjustable.

ActiveX Control

The plug-in ActiveX control supports a lot of functions by clicking the left mouse button. Note that this feature only supports on the ActiveX control within Microsoft® Internet Explorer.

On the ActiveX control icon, click the LeftMouseButton, then a menu pop-up. This menu provides features that are unique to the ActiveX control. These features include:

- *“Digital Zoom”*,
- *“Snapshot”*,
- *“Record”*,
- *“Volume”*,
- *“About”*

Digital Zoom



Click **Digital Zoom** to active this function as above. User can drag or scale the box over the video to adjust zoom ratio and position.

Snapshot



Click **Snapshot** to activate this function. Press **Snapshot** button to take a picture. The image file is saved as JPEG format into your local PC. Select **Brower**, the pop-up window to select the save path and file name prefix, select **OK** to continue.

If you like to retrieve the saved image, select the file to display the saved image by using any one of graph editing tools.

Record



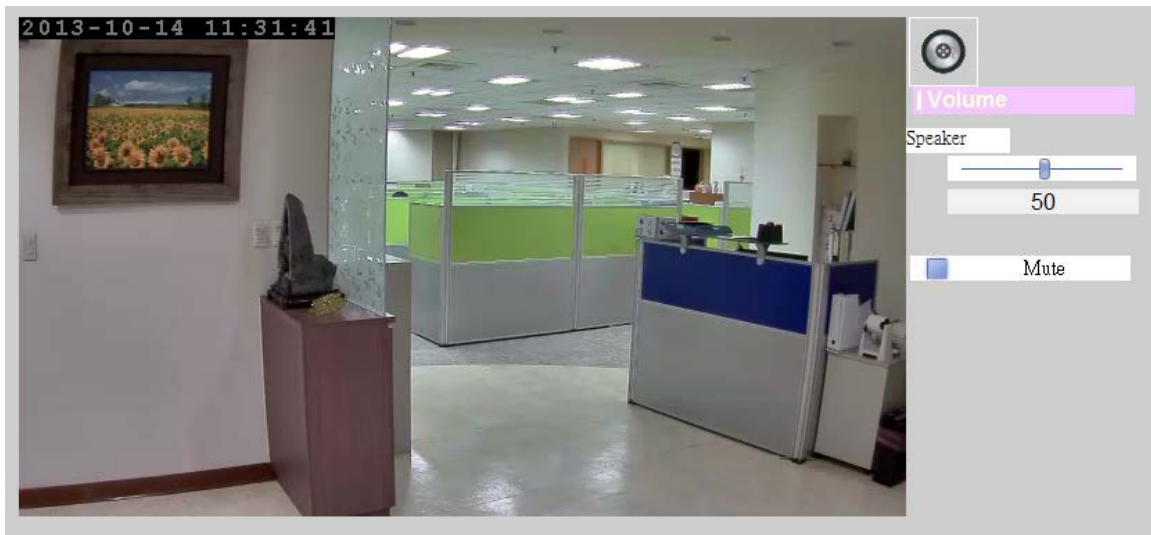
Click **Record** to activate this function. Press **Record** button to start recording. The video file is saved as ASF format into your local PC. While you want to stop it, press **Stop** to stop recording. Select **Brower**, the pop-up window to select the save path and file name prefix, select **OK** to continue.

After stop recording, list the files, this file is named as Video_yyyymmddhhmmss.avi

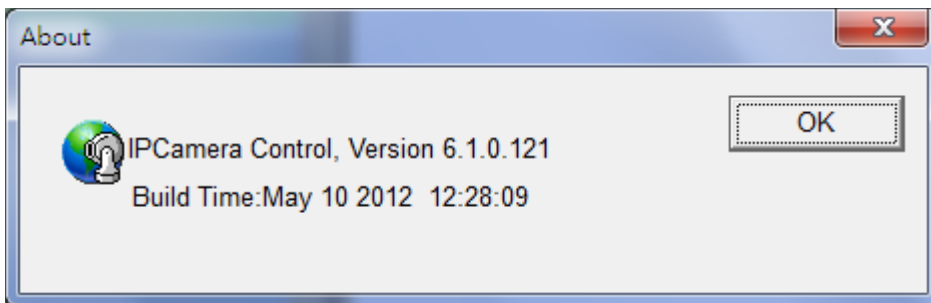
The ASF files can be display by the standard Windows Media Player, but it needs the DixectX 9.0 or later version to be installed.

Volume

Click **Volume** to activate this function. There are two control bars for speaker and microphone volume respectively. Scroll these control bars to adjust the audio attribute. Check the volume mute will mute the speaker output.



About



Click **About** to show this ActiveX information.

Administering the Device

System Setting

This function is only available for user logged into Camera as administrator.

Click on each menu name to display its setting page.

Item	Action
Network	Configure Network settings such as DHCP, DDNS, 3GPP, PPPoE and UPnP
Camera	Adjust camera parameters, position, and set camera tour
System	Configure system information, date & time, maintenance, and view system log file.
Video	Configure bit rate and frame rate of video profiles
Audio	Configure audio parameters
User	Setup user name, password and login privilege
E-Mail	Setup E-Mail configuration
Event Detection	Setup Object detection
Storage	Status and configuration of SD card
Continuous Recording	Configure storage type and path
Recording List	Files list inside the SD Card
Event Server	Setup FTP/TCP/HTTP server for event
Event Schedule	Configure the schedule while event triggered

Network: Configure Network settings

Use this menu to configure the network to connect the device and the clients.

Network

This section provides the menu for connecting the device through Ethernet cable.

Network IPv6 HTTPS DDNS PPPoE Streaming UPnP Bonjour IP Filter IP Notification

MAC Address 00:30:4F:A2:62:37

☐ Obtain IP address automatically (DHCP)

IP Address 172.16.99.204 Test

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Gateway 172.16.99.1

☐ Obtain DNS from DHCP

Primary DNS 172.16.99.1

Secondary DNS 8.8.4.4

HTTP Port 28060 (1 ~ 65535) Test

MAC address:

Displays the Ethernet MAC address of the device. Note that user cannot modify it.

Obtain IP address automatically (DHCP):

DHCP: Stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol.

Enable this checked box when a DHCP server is installed on the network to issue IP address assignment. With this setting, the IP address is assigned automatically. If this device can not get an IP address within limited tries, the device will assign a default IP address, 192.168.0.100, by itself as the default IP address.

IP address, Subnet mask, and Gateway:

If you do not select **Obtain an IP address automatically**, then you need to enter these network parameters manually.

Obtain DNS from DHCP:

DNS: Stands for Domain Name System.

Enable this checked box when a DHCP server is installed on the network and provide DNS service.

Primary DNS and Secondary DNS:

If you do not select **Obtain DNS from DHCP**, then you need to enter these parameters manually.

HTTP Port:

The device supports two HTTP ports. The first one is default port 80 and this port is fixed. This port is very useful for Intranet usage. The second HTTP port is changeable. Users could assign the second port number of http protocol, and the WAN users should follow

the port number to login. If the http port is not assigned as 80, users have to add the port number in back of IP address. For example: <http://192.168.0.100:8080>.

Therefore, the user can access the device by either

<http://xx.xx.xx.xx/>, or

<http://xx.xx.xx.xx:xxxx/> to access the device.

If multiple devices are installed on the LAN and also required to be accessed from the WAN, then the **HTTP Port** can be assigned as the virtual server port mapping to support multiple devices.

Click "OK" to save and enable the setting.

Wireless

If your device is a wireless model, you could assign the related parameters into wireless setting. Using a wired connection ensures greater secrecy while making these settings. These settings should always be made in the camera first and secondly in the wireless access point. This ensures that the device is always accessible when making changes. **Note** that this function is only available for the model with WLAN capability.

The screenshot shows the 'Wireless' configuration page. At the top, there are tabs for Network, Wireless, IPv6, HTTPS, DDNS, PPPoE, Streaming, UPnP, Bonjour, IP Filter, and IP Notification. The 'Wireless' tab is selected.

On the left, there are sections for WPS, Setting, and Site Survey. The 'WPS' section has a 'Push Button Configuration' button labeled 'Start PBC'. The 'Setting' section has an 'Easy Installation' button. The 'Site Survey' section displays a table of detected wireless networks.

MAC Address	SSID	Type	Channel	Encryption	Signal Strength
50:67:F0:1B:23:97	DG	Infrastructure	6	WPAPSK	73
40:4A:03:43:10:8D	holly	Infrastructure	6	WPAPSK	57
00:26:18:31:7E:4D	PAOSS	Infrastructure	1	WEP	37
64:70:02:4F:C3:D4	sandra	Infrastructure	1	WPA2PSK	37

Below the table is a 'Reload' button. The 'MAC Address' field is set to 6C:71:D9:7B:06:56. The 'Interface Select' section has two radio buttons: 'Wired (Ethernet) only' and 'Auto - wired if cable connected, otherwise wireless'. The 'Type' section has two radio buttons: 'Adhoc' and 'Infrastructure'. The 'SSID' field is set to 'default'. The 'BSSID' field is empty. The 'Channel' dropdown is set to 'ETSI, Europe' and the 'Security Mode' dropdown is set to 'AUTO'. The 'Obtain IP address automatically (DHCP)' checkbox is checked. The 'IP Address' field is set to 192.168.0.101, the 'Subnet Mask' is 255.255.255.0, and the 'Gateway' is 192.168.0.254. There is a 'Test' button next to the IP Address field. At the bottom, there are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

WPS:

WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) provides an easy procedure to make wireless connections between wireless station and wireless access point (wireless router) with the encryption of either WPA or WPA2. It is the simplest way to build connections between wireless network clients and router. Users do not need to select the encryption mode and type

the long encryption passphrase to setup a wireless client every time. Users only need to press buttons on wireless client and router, and then WPS will establish a connection between client and router automatically.

There are two types of WPS: Push-Button Configuration (**PBC**) and PIN code. To use PBC, you have to click button here (Start PBC) to initiate WPS mode. You will also need to switch wireless router to WPS mode (by pressing WPS button).

Setting (Easy Installation):

Provides a 2-step procedure to configure wireless setting:

Step 1: Select SSID of wireless router or access point (AP).

Network
Wireless
IPv6
HTTPS
DDNS
PPPoE
Streaming
UPnP
Bonjour
IP Filter
IP Notification

Site Survey

Step 1 : Please click the table to choose the SSID!

MAC Address	SSID	Type	Channel	Encryption	Signal Strength
00:04:96:69:05:64	a5	Infrastructure	1	WPA2PSK	37
00:04:96:69:05:60	a1	Infrastructure	1	WPA2PSK	31
00:26:87:01:24:5C	Afidus	Infrastructure	2	WPA2PSK	89
CC:B2:55:62:74:50	AMTK-Sales	Infrastructure	2	WPA2PSK	57
06:26:87:01:24:5C	CG-Guest	Infrastructure	2	Off	78
00:1B:11:D5:E6:D7	AMTK+Wi-Fi-2	Infrastructure	4	WPA2PSK	68
1C:7E:E5:5F:EB:02	CHT+Wi-Fi+Auto	Infrastructure	6	WPA2PSK	78
1C:71:E5:5F:EB:02	CHT+Wi-Fi%28HiNet%29	Infrastructure	6	Off	83
1C:72:E5:5F:EB:02	APTG+Wi-Fi	Infrastructure	6	Off	83
00:19:CB:BF:1A:FC	ZyXEL-AMTK	Infrastructure	6	WPA2PSK	78
00:50:7F:CE:66:CC	AMTK_DEMO2	Infrastructure	8	WPA2PSK	68
14:D6:4D:E4:4A:F8	Kevin-Dlink	Infrastructure	10	WPA2PSK	100
20:10:7A:7D:8C:E3	GMCWiMAX_GGG	Infrastructure	11	WPA2PSK	57
84:7A:88:78:B2:A9	HTC+Portable+Hotspot+3774	Infrastructure	11	Off	89
00:EB:2D:31:BB:AE	%e6%89%c5%8d%88%b0%e6%88%91%e5%ac%1a%e7%b5%a6%e4%bd%a0%e9%80%a3%00	Infrastructure	1	WPA2PSK	37
14:7D:C5:EB:E5:02	AndroidAP	Infrastructure	11	WPA2PSK	57
00:0A:79:D1:81:A0	ABC	Infrastructure	1	WEP	26
C0:4A:00:07:75:A2	AMTK+Wi-Fi	Infrastructure	6	WPA2PSK	73
00:D0:41:CB:7B:FD	SMB	Infrastructure	11	WPA2PSK	42

Reload

OK

Cancel

Step 2: Key in security key of WEP or WPA. Then click **“Submit”** button to activate wireless setting.

The screenshot shows the 'Wireless' configuration page of a network camera. The top navigation bar includes tabs for Network, Wireless, IPv6, HTTPS, DDNS, PPPoE, Streaming, UPnP, Bonjour, IP Filter, and IP Notification. The 'Wireless' tab is selected. The main content area is titled 'Step 2 : Please input the authentication information!'. On the left, there is a sidebar with labels: SSID, Security Mode, Authentication, and WEP key. The SSID field contains 'ABC'. The Security Mode section has three radio buttons: 'None', 'WEP' (which is selected), and 'WPA_PSK/WPA2_PSK'. Below these, there are two more radio buttons: 'Open System' (selected) and 'Shared Key'. The WEP key section shows a dropdown menu with '1' selected and a text input field. Below the input field, a note specifies '(HEX: 10 or 26 Digits; ASCII: 5 or 13 Digits)'. At the bottom of the main area are two buttons: 'Go Step 1' and 'Submit'. At the very bottom of the window are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

In case, user wants to configure wireless settings manually, please follow the steps as below:

MAC address:

Displays the Ethernet MAC address of the WLAN card. Note that user can not change it.

Site survey:

Click the “Refresh” button. It will refresh information window which list is the result of a network scan. Access points with a disabled SSID Broadcast will not appear unless the camera is associated with it. The following information is provided:

Interface Select:

“Wired (Ethernet) only” or “Auto – wired if cable connected, otherwise wireless”:

Choose wired or wireless mode. However, note that wired is priority.

Type:

To select one of WLAN modes from Infrastructure or Ad-Hoc mode.

Security mode:

Shows which type of security the network uses. The device supports three security methods:

- None
- WEP
- WPA_PSK/WPA2_PSK

SSID:

This is the name of the wireless network the device is configured for. The field accepts up to 32 alphanumeric characters. The name must be exactly the same as that used in the wireless access point, or the connection will not be established.

Leaving this field blank means the device will attempt to access the nearest open network.

Channel:

Chooses the wireless channel in use currently.

WEP settings:**- Authentication:**

Select Open or Shared Key System Authentication, depending on the method used by your access point. Not all access points have this option, in which case they probably use Open System, which is sometimes known as SSID Authentication.

- WEP Mode:

The key types available depend on the access point being used. The following options are available:

- ASCII - In this method the string must be exactly 5 characters for 64-bit WEP and 13 characters for 128-bit WEP.

- HEX - In this method the string must be exactly 10 hexadecimal (0-9, A-F) characters for 64-bit WEP and 26 hexadecimal characters for 128-bit WEP.

- Web Key 1~4:

Key value of WEP.

WPA settings:**- WPA Key:**

Key value of WPA. The device uses a pre-shared key (PSK) for key management. The pre-shared key can be entered either as Manual hex, as 64 hexadecimal characters, or as a Passphrase, using 8 to 63 ASCII characters.

Obtain IP address automatically (DHCP):

Enable this checked box when a DHCP server is installed on the network to issue IP address assignment. With this setting, the IP address is assigned automatically.

IP address, Subnet mask, and Gateway:

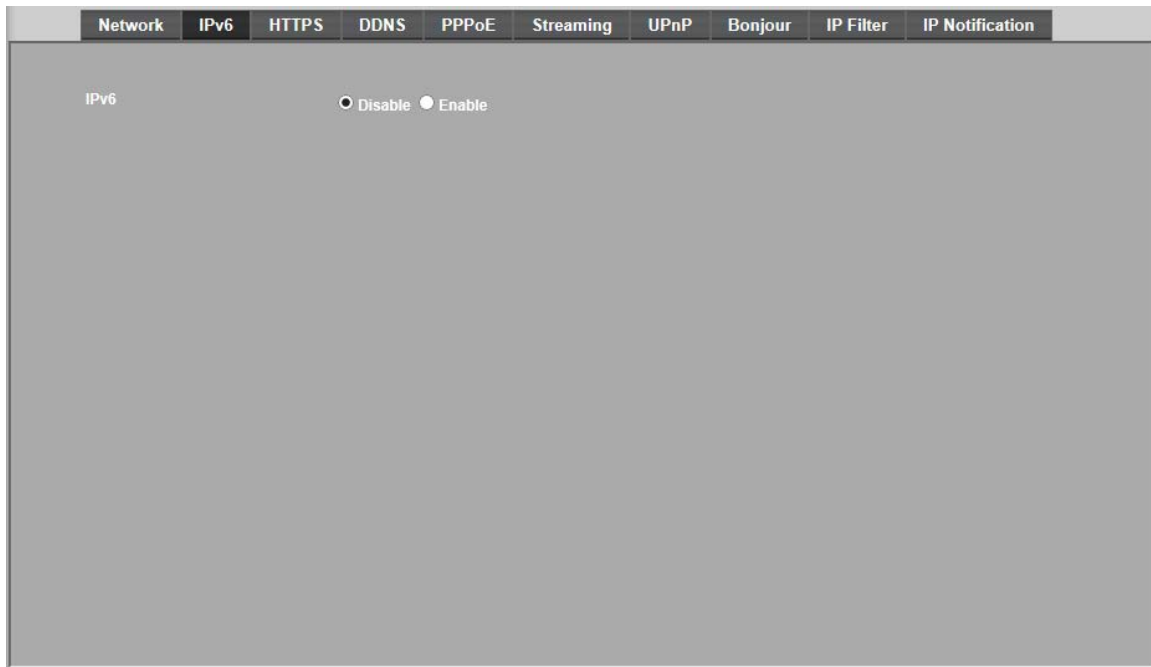
If you do not select **Obtain an IP address automatically**, then you need to enter these network parameters manually.

Select "OK" to save and enable the setting.

Note: To enable WLAN function, user must set these related parameters correctly at first. Then power off the device and remove Ethernet cable from device. Power on the device again and WLAN mode will be available accordingly.

IPv6

The IP communication protocol used for current Internet is having the problem of insufficient IP addresses. The one-for-all solution is the new-generation internet protocol, IPv6. IPv6 has 16-byte long address space, offering a huge number of addresses, and also provides better scalability, quality of service, mobility, and security to the network.



IPv6:

To enable or disable the IPv6 service here.

HTTPS

HTTPS: Stands for Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure

HTTPS is a combination of the Hypertext Transfer Protocol with the SSL/TLS protocol to provide encrypted communication and secure identification of a network web server. HTTPS connections are often used for sensitive transactions in corporate information systems. The main idea of HTTPS is to create a secure channel over an insecure network. This ensures reasonable protection from eavesdroppers and man-in-the-middle attacks, provided that adequate cipher suites are used and that the server certificate is verified and trusted.

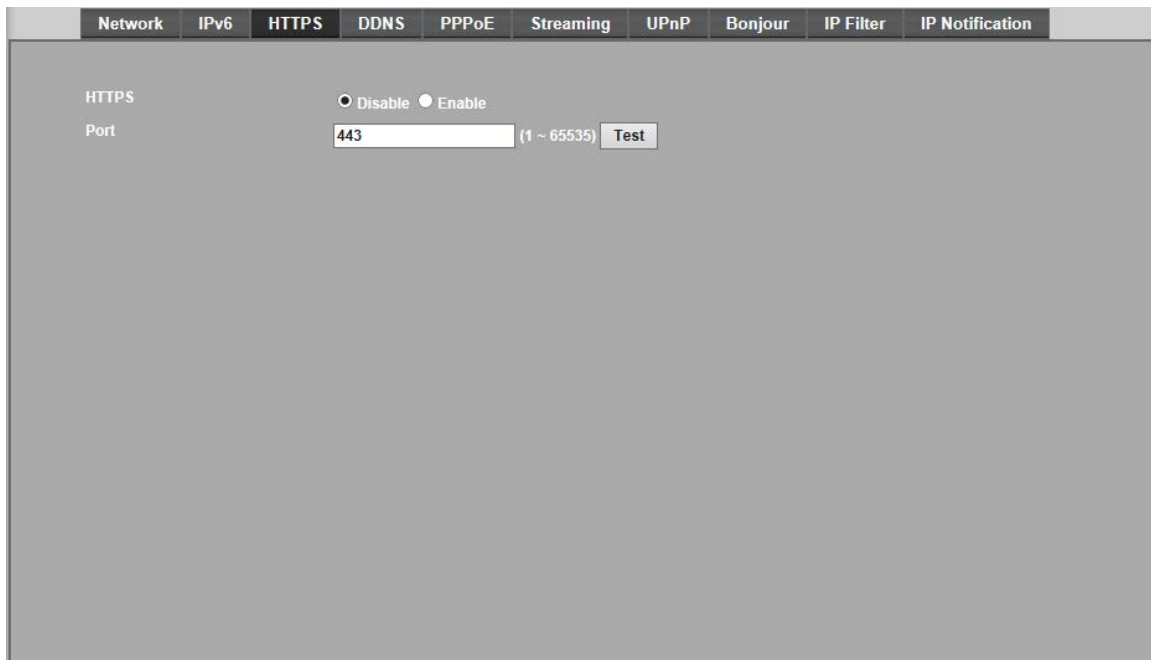
HTTPS:

To enable or disable the HTTPS service here. Note that the HTTPS function of this device is not only encrypted the web content but also audio/video data.

If the HTTPS is enabled, there is further option for “HTTP&HTTPS” or “HTTPS only”. In case, the “HTTPS only” is enabled, all packets from the Camera will go through HTTPS only and HTTP service is no longer available.

Port:

Choose the HTTPS port. The default value is 443.



The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring the HTTPS service. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs for Network, IPv6, HTTPS, DDNS, PPPoE, Streaming, UPnP, Bonjour, IP Filter, and IP Notification. The 'HTTPS' tab is currently selected. Below the navigation bar, the 'HTTPS' section contains two radio buttons: 'Disable' (which is selected) and 'Enable'. Below these, there is a 'Port' label followed by a text input field containing the number '443'. To the right of the input field is a range indicator '(1 ~ 65535)' and a 'Test' button.

DDNS service

DDNS: Stands for Dynamic Domain Name Server

Your Internet Service Provider (ISP) provides you at least one IP address which you use to connect to the Internet. The address you get may be static, meaning it never changes, or dynamic, meaning it's likely to change periodically. Just how often it changes, depends on your ISP. A dynamic IP address complicates remote access since you may not know what your current WAN IP address is when you want to access your device over the Internet. One of the possible solutions to the dynamic IP address problem comes in the form of a dynamic DNS service.

A dynamic DNS service is unique because it provides a means of updating your IP address so that your listing will remain current when your IP address changes. There are several excellent DDNS services available on the Internet. One such service you can

use is www.DynDNS.org. You'll need to register with the service and set up the domain name of your choice to begin using it.

If your device is connected to xDSL directly, you might need this feature. However, if your device is behind a NAT router, you will not need to enable this feature because your NAT router should take care of this job. As to xDSL environment, most of the users will use dynamic IP addresses. If users want to set up a web or a FTP server, then the Dynamic Domain Name Server is necessary.

The screenshot shows a web interface with a top navigation bar containing tabs: Network, IPv6, HTTPS, DDNS, PPPoE, Streaming, UPnP, Bonjour, IP Filter, and IP Notification. The DDNS tab is selected. The main content area is titled 'DDNS' and contains the following controls:

- DDNS: ☐ Disable ☒ Enable
- Server Name: A dropdown menu showing 'dyndns.org'.
- DDNS Host: A text input field with a placeholder '(1 ~ 30 Digits)'.
- User Name: A text input field with a placeholder '< 22 Digits'.
- Password: A text input field with a placeholder '< 22 Digits'.
- Internet Status: A label indicating 'Connected (60.250.139.88)'.

DDNS:

To enable or disable the DDNS service here.

Server name:

Choose one of the built-in DDNS servers.

DDNSHost:

The domain name is applied of this device.

User name:

The user name is used to log into DDNS.

Password:

The password is used to log into DDNS.

PPPoE

PPPoE: Stands for Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet

A standard builds on Ethernet and Point-to-Point network protocol. It allows your device with xDSL or cable connects with broadband network directly, then your device can dial up and get a dynamic IP address. For more PPPoE and Internet configuration, please consult your dealer or ISP.

The device can directly connect to the xDSL, however, it should be setup on a LAN environment to program the PPPoE information first, and then connect to the xDSL modem. Power on again, then the device will dial on to the ISP connect to the WAN through the xDSL modem.

The procedures are

- Connect to a LAN by DHCP or Fixed IP
- Access the device, enter **Setting → Network → PPPoE** as below

The screenshot shows the PPPoE configuration page. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs: Network, IPv6, HTTPS, DDNS, PPPoE (selected), Streaming, UPnP, Bonjour, IP Filter, and IP Notification. Below the tabs, the PPPoE section is displayed. It includes a toggle for 'PPPoE' with 'Disable' and 'Enable' radio buttons. Below this are input fields for 'User Name' and 'Password', both with a note '< 65 Digits'. Below these are four read-only fields: 'IP Address', 'Subnet Mask', 'Gateway', and 'Status', each with a blue bar and the text '(readonly)'.

PPPoE:

To enable or disable the PPPoE service here.

User name:

Type the user name for the PPPoE service which is provided by the ISP.

Password:

Type the password for the PPPoE service which is provided by the ISP.

IP address, Subnet mask, and Gateway (read only):

Shows the IP information got from PPPoE server site.

Status:

Shows the Status of PPPoE connection.

Streaming

RTSP is a streaming control protocol, and a starting point for negotiating transports such as RTP, multicast and Unicast, and for negotiating codecs. RTSP can be considered a "remote control" for controlling the media stream delivered by a media server. RTSP servers typically use RTP as the protocol for the actual transport of audio/video data.

RTSP Port:

Choose the RTSP port. The RTSP protocol allows a connecting client to start a video stream. Enter the RTSP port number to use. The default value is 554.

RTP Port:

Specify the range of transmission port number of video stream. The default range is 50000 to 50999. User can specify a number between 1024 and 65535.

The screenshot displays the configuration page for a network camera, with the 'Streaming' tab selected. The page has a top navigation bar with tabs for Network, IPv6, HTTPS, DDNS, PPPoE, Streaming, UPnP, Bonjour, IP Filter, and IP Notification. The main content area contains two configuration sections. The first section, 'RTSP Port', has a text input field containing '554', a range indicator '(554 ~ 65535)', and a 'Test' button. The second section, 'RTP Port', has two text input fields: the first contains '50000' and the second contains '50999', separated by a tilde '~'. A range indicator '(1024 ~ 65535)' is positioned to the right of the second input field.

UPnP

UPnP is short for Universal Plug and Play, which is a networking architecture that provides compatibility among networking equipment, software, and peripherals. This device is an UPnP enabled Network Camera. If your operating system is UPnP enabled, the device will automatically be detected and a new icon will be added to “My Network Places.” If you do not want to use the UPnP functionality, it can be disabled.

In addition, this device also provides UPnP IGD function for NAT traversal easily. Use NAT traversal when your device is located on an intranet (LAN) and you wish to make it available from the other (WAN) side of a NAT router. With NAT traversal properly configured, all HTTP traffic to an external HTTP port in the NAT router will be forwarded to the device.

UPnP:

To enable or disable the UPnP service here.

Friendly Name:

To show the friendly name of this device here.

UPnP NAT Traversal

When enabled, the device will attempt to configure port mapping in a NAT router on your network, using UPnP™. **Note** that UPnP™ must be enabled in the NAT router first.

Port Range:

The port range will open in NAT router.

External IP address:

Show the IP address and port for WAN access through Internet. If NAT traversal is configured successfully, user can use this IP address and port to access this device. The external IP address is not shown in case NAT traversal function is failed.

Bonjour

Bonjour, also known as zero-configuration networking, enables automatic discovery of computers, devices, and services on IP networks. Bonjour uses industry standard IP protocols to allow devices to automatically discover each other without the need to enter IP addresses or configure DNS servers. Specifically, Bonjour enables automatic IP address assignment without a DHCP server, name to address translation without a DNS server, and service discovery without a directory server. Bonjour is an open protocol which Apple has submitted to the IETF as part of the ongoing standards-creation process.

Bonjour:

To enable or disable the Bonjour service here.

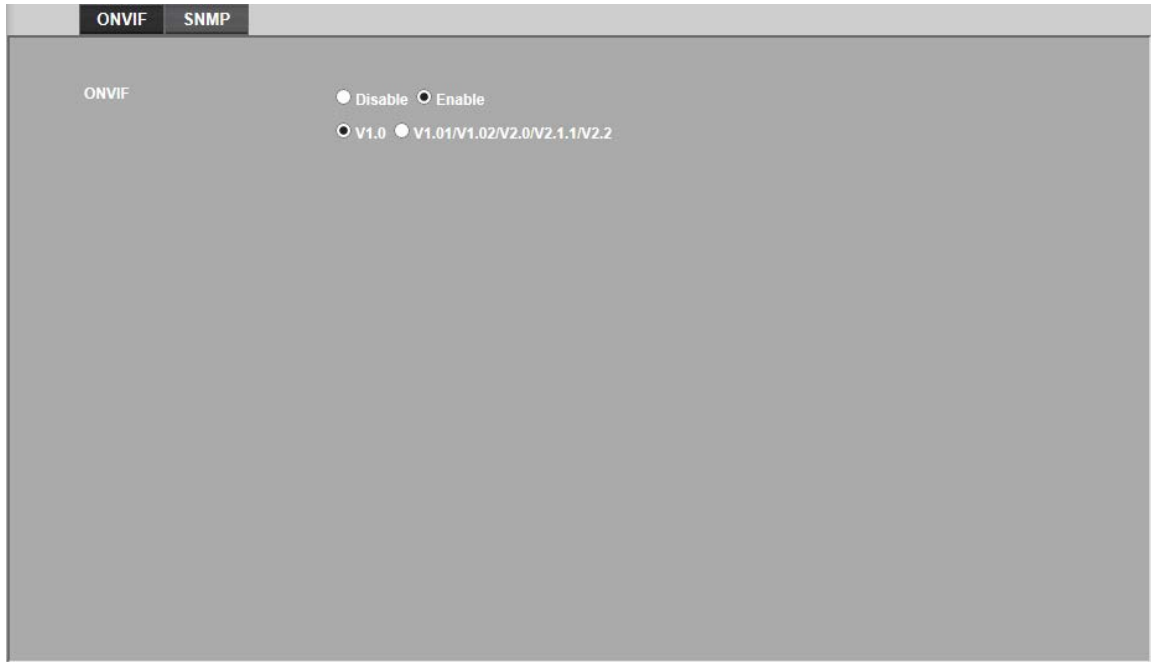
Friendly Name:

To show the friendly name of this device here.

The screenshot shows a web interface with a top navigation bar containing tabs: Network, IPv6, HTTPS, DDNS, PPPoE, Streaming, UPnP, Bonjour, IP Filter, and IP Notification. The 'Bonjour' tab is selected. Below the tabs, the 'Bonjour' section has two radio buttons: 'Disable' (selected) and 'Enable'. Below this, the 'Friendly Name' section shows a text field containing 'FH-330F3 - 00304FA26237' with '(readonly)' text to its right.

ONVIF

ONVIF is a global and open industry forum with the goal to facilitate the development and use of a global open standard for the interface of physical IP-based security products. Or in other words, to create a standard for how IP products within video surveillance and other physical security areas can communicate with each other.



ONVIF:

To enable or disable the ONVIF interface here. And select the ONVIF version to match client's supported version.

IP Filter

You can enter different user's IP address which are allowing enter or denying by the device.

IP Filter:

To enable or disable the IP filter function here.

IP Filter Policy:

Choose the filter policy where is denying or allowing.

Network	IPv6	HTTPS	DDNS	PPPoE	Streaming	UPnP	Bonjour	IP Filter	IP Notification
<div> <div>IP Filter</div> <div> <input type="radio"/> Disable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable </div> </div> <div> <div>IP Filter Policy</div> <div> <input type="radio"/> Deny <input checked="" type="radio"/> Allow </div> </div> <div>Save</div>									
<div> <div> <div></div> <div> <div>Filter IP List</div> <div> <div>Filter IP</div> <div></div> </div> <div> <div>Add</div> <div>Delete</div> <div>DeleteAll</div> </div> </div> </div> </div>									

IP Notification

In case the IP address is changed, system is able to send out an email to alert someone if the function is enabled.

Setting																				
<div>Viewer Login</div> <div> <input type="radio"/> Anonymous <input checked="" type="radio"/> Only users in database </div> <div>Save</div>																				
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>User Name</th> <th>Access Right</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>admin</td> <td>administrator</td> </tr> <tr> <td>root</td> <td>administrator</td> </tr> <tr> <td>guest</td> <td>viewer</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">User List</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>User Name</td> <td><input type="text"/> (1 ~ 20 Digits)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Password</td> <td><input type="text"/> (0 ~ 20 Digits)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Verify Password</td> <td><input type="text"/> (0 ~ 20 Digits)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Access Right</td> <td> <input type="radio"/> Administrator <input checked="" type="radio"/> Viewer </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"> <div>Add</div> <div>Modify</div> <div>Delete</div> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	User Name	Access Right	admin	administrator	root	administrator	guest	viewer	User List		User Name	<input type="text"/> (1 ~ 20 Digits)	Password	<input type="text"/> (0 ~ 20 Digits)	Verify Password	<input type="text"/> (0 ~ 20 Digits)	Access Right	<input type="radio"/> Administrator <input checked="" type="radio"/> Viewer	<div>Add</div> <div>Modify</div> <div>Delete</div>	
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<div>Add</div> <div>Modify</div> <div>Delete</div>																				

SMTP Notification (e-mail):

If enable this function, then the “**Send to**” and “**Subject**” fields need to be filled.

Send To:

Type the receiver's e-mail address. This address is used for reply mail.

Subject:

Type the subject/title of the E-mail.

TCP Notification:

If enable this function, then the “**TCP Server**“, “**TCP Port**”, and “**Message**” fields need to be filled.

User Name	Access Right
admin	administrator
root	administrator
guest	viewer

User List	
User Name	<input type="text"/> (1 ~ 20 Digits)
Password	<input type="password"/> (0 ~ 20 Digits)
Verify Password	<input type="password"/> (0 ~ 20 Digits)
Access Right	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Administrator <input type="radio"/> Viewer
<input type="button" value="Add"/> <input type="button" value="Modify"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>	

TCP Server:

Type the server name or the IP address of the TCP server.

TCP Port:

Set port number of TCP server.

Message:

The message will be sent to FTP server.

HTTP Notification:

If enable this function, then the fields below need to be filled.

URL:

Type the server name or the IP address of the HTTP server.

HTTP Login name:

Type the user name for the HTTP server.

HTTP Login Password:

Type the password for the HTTP server.

Proxy Address:

Type the server name or the IP address of the HTTP Proxy.

Proxy Port:

Set port number of Proxy.

Proxy Login name:

Type the user name for the HTTP Proxy.

Proxy Login Password:

Type the password for the HTTP Proxy.

Custom parameter:

User can set specific parameters to HTTP server.

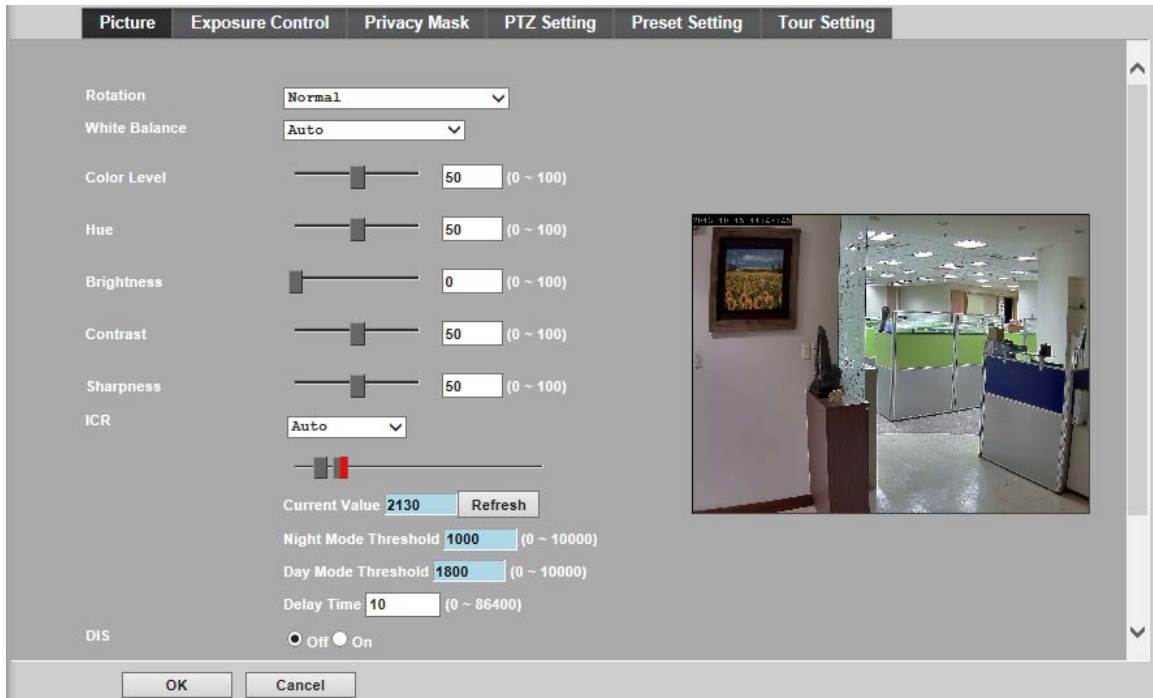
Message:

The message will be sent to HTTP server.

Camera: Adjust Camera parameters

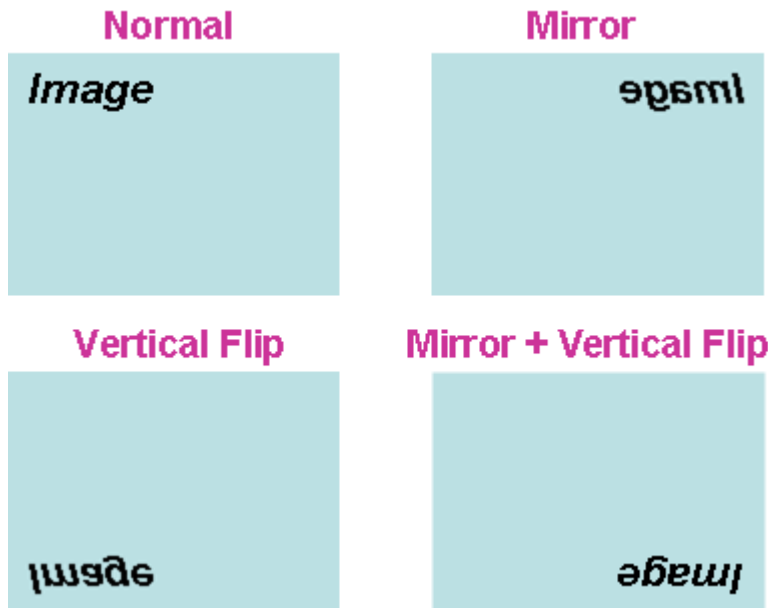
Use this menu to set the functions of the camera parameters of the device.

Picture



Rotation:

Turn the "Mirror" and "Vertical Flip" On or OFF. The image will be overturned as below.



White Balance:

Auto: will adjust the white balance automatically.

Hold: will hold the white balance.

Exposure Control:

Auto Exposure: will adjust the image sensor exposure automatically.

Hold Exposure: will hold the exposure setting.

Maximum Exposure Time:

Set the Maximum Exposure Time. However, the real exposure time may be shorter if good light condition.

Power Frequency:

Frequency of power line: 50 or 60Hz.

Exposure Value:

Exposure value is AE target value. This value is to adjust the integration, analog gain and digital gain to achieve the target brightness value (Exposure Value).

This value is dependent to "Auto Exposure" only.

Color Level:

Large value will be colorful.

Brightness:

Large value will brighten camera.

Contrast:

Large value will contrast camera heavily.

Sharpness:

Large value will sharpen camera.

3D De-Noise:

The 3D De-Noise can remove or lower unwanted noise and preserve fine details and edges as possible. This function is able to lower the bitrate a lot, especially in low light environment.

ICR:

Use built-in photo sensor or manual to control ICR.

In case user selects manual mode, there are 4 modes: Night (On), Day (Off), Auto or Schedule to control built-in IR LEDs. This function is very useful under low illumination environment even 0 Lux.

In case the Auto mode is selected, user needs to specify 3 parameters in advance:

Night Mode Threshold (0~10000): this value set the threshold to turn on IR LED. It should be lower or equal to Day Mode Threshold.

Day Mode Threshold (0~10000): this value set the threshold to turn off IR LED. It should

be higher or equal to Night Mode Threshold.

Delay Time: The delay time between LED ON/OFF switching.

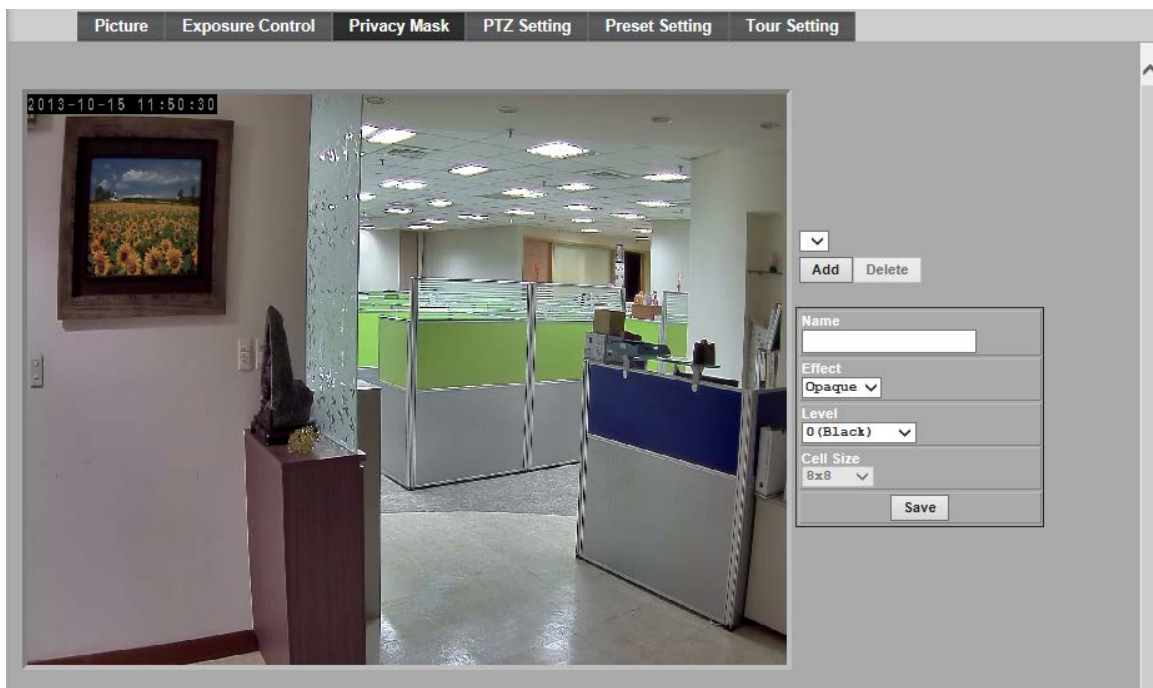
Note that Current Value is the current luminance from the captured video. It's a useful reference to set LED ON/OFF Threshold.

Default Settings:

Restore to factory image settings.

Privacy Mask

Use this page to specify privacy mask window 1 to window 8 and set the name and gray level for selected window.



Add and Delete:

To add or delete the privacy mask windows, user can specify up to 7 windows to mask the video captured by this device. By dragging mouse on the image, you can change the position and size of the selected window accordingly.

Name:

Name of the specified privacy window.

Level

To define the gray level of mask block. The smaller value will be darker.

Note that this function is not recommended for camera with PTZ/ePTZ actions.

Preset Setting

This page provides the edit tool to modify or delete the “Preset Setting” item by item.

PicturePrivacy MaskPreset SettingTour Setting

Preset Number	Preset Name	Home Position

Preset List

Preset Number

Preset Name

Home Position

☐ Enable ☒ Disable

Modify

Delete

Tour Setting

Up to 128 positions can be preset, and the camera can be programming to move to the preset position sequentially.

Tour Number	Tour Name	Running	Speed
-------------	-----------	---------	-------

Tour Name:

Running: ☐ Enable ☐ Disable

Speed: 50

Sequence	Preset Name	Wait Time
----------	-------------	-----------

Tour Name:

The group name of the sequence of camera tour. The maximum number of camera tour is 16.

Running:

Enable or disable this camera tour.

Preset:

Set the sequence of the tour. Maximum 16 points can be assigned. The selected preset position is added in the Sequence list from 1 to 16.

Wait Time:

Type a period of time during which the camera is to stay at each preset point, between 0 to 36000 seconds.

To use the camera tour function, user must preset some camera positions first.

System: Configure and maintain system

Use this menu to perform the principal settings of the device.

System:

The screenshot shows the 'System' configuration page. At the top, there are three tabs: 'System', 'Date & Time', and 'Maintenance'. The 'System' tab is selected. Below the tabs, there are several configuration options:

- Afidus DDNS**: ☐ Disable ☒ Enable
- Afidus DDNS ID**:
- Device Title**: (0 ~ 30 Digits)
- Software Version**: 6.M.2.11408
- Network LED**: ☒ Enable ☐ Disable
- Power LED**: ☒ Enable ☐ Disable
- Log**:

Below the configuration options is a log window showing system messages. The log messages are as follows:

```
Oct 4 22:33:36 FH-330F3 user.warn kernel: rtc_time = 305422
Oct 4 23:04:38 FH-330F3 user.warn kernel: rtc_time = 307284
Oct 4 23:13:44 FH-330F3 user.err syslog: [chk_public_ip] upnp traversal update
Oct 4 23:13:44 FH-330F3 user.err network: network upnp_restart
Oct 4 23:13:44 FH-330F3 user.notice upnpdevdes: received signal 15, good-bye
Oct 4 23:13:44 FH-330F3 user.err upnpdevdes: upnpdevdes: Select error, restart upnp
Oct 4 23:13:44 FH-330F3 user.err upnpdevdes: exit upnpdevdes
Oct 4 23:13:44 FH-330F3 user.err network: upnp setup: 172.16.99.204:28060 00304FA26
Oct 4 23:13:45 FH-330F3 user.err network: result of query port: 60.250.139.88 32768
Oct 4 23:13:45 FH-330F3 user.err network: Network.UPnP.NATTraversal.ExternalIPAddres
Oct 4 23:13:45 FH-330F3 user.notice root: /scripts/chk_publicip : public_ip 60.250.
Oct 4 23:13:45 FH-330F3 user.err network: wget "http://www.a-mtk.com/register.php?ic
Oct 4 23:13:45 FH-330F3 user.err syslog: [chk_public_ip] update_dips 60.250.139.88
```

DDNS (Dynamic IP Service):

To enable or disable the DDNS® (Dynamic IP Service) function.

Device ID (for DDNS):

It's a unique number of each device for identification and this ID is used for DDNS.

It's feasible to locate your device from Internet by DDNS service. However, we provide another easier way to do the same job called Dynamic IP Service, DDNS®.

To use this service, just follow four steps below:

- (1) Enable DDNS function of the device
- (2) Check your Device ID from this page. This is a unique number for each device.
- (3) If your device is behind a NAT router, please configure your device properly. You could refer to section "Install the Camera behind a NAT Router" above. You only need to do this job one time.
- (4) Visiting our company's web site, you can find DDNS service page as below:



Enter your Device Number and press “OK” button.

Then, a new web page will pop up and link to your device accordingly.

You will see that DDNS is a much easier service than DDNS.

Device Title:

You can enter the name of this unit here. It's very useful to identify the specific device from multiple units. The information will be shown on IPWizard II once the device is found.

Software Version:

This information shows the software version of the device.

Network(LAN) LED:

To turn on or off Network(LAN) LED.

Power LED (Wireless LED):

To turn on or off the Power LED (wireless LED if WLAN model).

Log:

User can check the system log information of the device, including the *Main Info*, *Appended Info*, *Operator IP*, and so on ...

Reload:

Click this button; user can refresh the log information of the device.

Date & Time

You can setup the device or make it synchronized with PC or remote NTP server. Also, you may select your time zone in order to synchronize time locally.

Server Date & Time:

Displays the date and time of the device.

PC Time:

Displays the date and time of the connected PC.

Adjust:

- Synchronize with PC:

Click this option to enable time synchronization with PC time.

- Manual setting:

Click this option to set time and date manually.

- Synchronize with NTP:

Click this option if you want to synchronize the device's date and time with those of time server called NTP server (Network Time Protocol).

NTP Server: Type the host name or IP address or domain name of the NTP server.

NTP sync. Interval: Select an interval between 1 and 24 hours at which you want to adjust the device's time referring to NTP server

Time zone:

Set the time difference from Greenwich Mean Time in the area where the device is installed.

Daylight Saving:

Disable or enable the daylight saving adjustment.

Maintenance

Hard Factory Default (Include the network setting):

Recall the device hard factory default settings. Note that click this button will reset all

device's parameters to the factory settings (including the IP address).

Factory Default (Except the network setting):

The unit is restarted and most current settings are reset to factory default values. This action will not reset the network setting.

Backup Setting:

To take a backup of all of the parameters, click this button. If necessary, it will then be possible to return to the previous settings, if settings are changed and there is unexpected behavior.

Restore Setting:

Click the **"Browse"** button to locate the saved backup file and then click the **"Restore Setting"** button. The settings will be restored to the previous configuration.

The screenshot shows the 'Maintenance' tab selected in the top navigation bar. The main content area contains several sections with buttons for various maintenance tasks:

- Default Settings (Including Network Setting):** A button labeled 'Factory Default Settings'.
- Default Settings (Excluding Network Setting):** A button labeled 'Default Settings'.
- Backup Setting:** A button labeled 'Backup Setting'.
- Restore Setting:** A text input field followed by a 'Browse...' button, and then 'Restore Setting' and 'Reset' buttons.
- Firmware Upgrade:** A text input field followed by a 'Browse...' button, and then 'Firmware Upgrade' and 'Reset' buttons.
- System Restart:** A button labeled 'Restart'.

Firmware Upgrade:

The device supports new firmware upgrade (the software that controls the operation in the device). Please contact your dealer for the latest version if necessary.

Download the latest firmware file from our website or your dealer. Unzip this firmware file to binary file and store it into your PC. Then follow the steps as bellow carefully:

1. Close all other application programs which are not necessary for firmware update.
- 2. Make sure that only you access this device while firmware updating.**
3. Disable all event trigger and/or schedule trigger functions first.
4. In this web page, click **"Browse"** button. Select the Firmware binary file.

5. Once the firmware file was selected, click "**Firmware Upgrade**" button.
6. The upgrade progress information will be displayed. Once the uploading process completed, the device will reboot the system automatically.
7. Please wait for timer countdown, and then you can use IPWizard II to search the device again.

Warning!!! The download firmware procedure cannot be interrupted. If the power and/or network connection are broken during the download procedure, it **WILL** cause serious damage to the device.

Strongly suggest that **DO NOT** upgrade firmware via Wireless LAN due to high error rate possibly and don't allow any other clients to access this unit during updating procedure.

Be aware that you **SHALL NOT** turn off the power during updating the firmware and wait for finish message.

Furthermore, the firmware upgrade procedure is always risky and do not try to upgrade new firmware if it's not necessary.

System Restart:

The device is restarted without changing any of the network settings. It means the IP address of the device will not change after firmware upgrade.

Video: Configure profile

This device provides 2 modes of video profile. The first one is 2 Mega mode which supports video resolution up to 2 Mega-pixel. However the maximum frame rate of this mode is up to 15fps only. The second one is 720p mode which supports video resolution up to 1280x720 but frame rate can be up to 30fps. User only can select either 2 Mega or 720p mode to operate the camera. Switching 2 Mega and 720p mode, the device will take time to re-configure system.

Common

Common		Overlay Image		Video Profile		ONVIF Profile		AOI	
Name	Video Type	Resolution	Rate Control	Quality	Bitrate	Max Frame Rate	GOP Control	Multicast	
Profile1	h264/Baseline	1080p	EVBR	90	-	30	30	no	
Profile2	h264/Baseline	640x360	EVBR	90	-	30	30	no	

Name	Profile1								
Video Type	h264 <input type="button" value="v"/> Baseline <input type="button" value="v"/>								
Resolution	1080p <input type="button" value="v"/>								
Rate Control	EVBR <input type="button" value="v"/> Quality 90 <input type="button" value="v"/> Max Bitrate 15000 K bps 1024 ~ 15000								
Max Frame Rate	30 <input type="button" value="v"/>								
GOP Control	30 <input type="button" value="v"/>								
Multicast	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable								
Multicast Video	IP Address	239.198.97.181			Port	0 [0 means auto, 1024 ~ 65534]			
Multicast Audio	IP Address	239.198.97.181			Port	0 [0 means auto, 1024 ~ 65534]			
Time to live	1 (1 ~ 255)								
Always Enable Multicast	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable								

Video Profile:

User can only choose either 720p or 2 Mega modes. 720p mode can serve streams up to 1280x720 resolution maximum. On the other hand, 2 Mega mode, it can streams up to 1080p or 1600x1200 resolution (depend on model) maximum.

Note that this camera supports local video output for TV monitor. It's very useful to check view angle or focus during camera installation. However, the local video output is only available at "720p" mode. If user needs this function, must switch this camera to "720p" mode first.

Text Overlay Setting:

There are some important information can be embedded into image, including date, time, and/or text. User also can change the font color, background color, or Transparency.

Video Profile

Common		Overlay Image		Video Profile		ONVIF Profile		AOI	
Name	Video Type	Resolution	Rate Control	Quality	Bitrate	Max Frame Rate	GOP Control	Multicast	
Profile1	h264/Baseline	1080p	EVBR	90	-	30	30	no	
Profile2	h264/Baseline	640x360	EVBR	90	-	30	30	no	

Name	Profile1		
Video Type	h264	Baseline	
Resolution	1080p		
Rate Control	EVBR	Quality	90
		Max Bitrate	15000 K bps 1024 ~ 15000
Max Frame Rate	30		
GOP Control	30		
Multicast	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable		
Multicast Video	IP Address	239.198.97.181	Port 0 (0 means auto, 1024 ~ 65534)
Multicast Audio	IP Address	239.198.97.181	Port 0 (0 means auto, 1024 ~ 65534)
Time to live	1 (1 ~ 255)		
Always Enable Multicast	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable		

Name:

To assign a name to the selected profile.

Video Type:

Video codec of the selected profile.

Resolution:

Show the resolution of the selected profile.

ROI:

Assign the selected profile as a ROI stream or not. (Only available for the profiles with max resolution)

Rate Control:

Defines the rate control method of this profile. There are four options: Constant Bit Rate (CBR), Variable Bit Rate (VBR), Enhanced Constant Bit Rate (ECBR), and Enhanced Variable Bit Rate (EVBR).

For CBR, the video bit rate is between low to high bandwidth based on different resolutions. User can set the desired bit rate to match the limitation of bandwidth.

For VBR, user should choose the quality level to set the video quality rather than bit rate. The quality level is between 1 and 100. The higher value can reach the better quality but of course will consume higher bandwidth.

For ECBR, the video bitrate is based on normal CBR mode. However, the target bitrate can be increased to max target bitrate while lots of motion in video. The max target bitrate will keep a pre-defined time period and then back to normal CBR bitrate.

For EVBR, the video bitrate is based on normal VBR mode. However, the bitrate can be limited to the max bitrate while lots of motion in video.

Max Frame Rate:

Defines the targeted frame rate of this profile. For example, set the frame rate to 15 fps, then the image will be updated for 15 frames per second as possible. User need to set reasonable max frame rate versus video quality under the limited bandwidth.

GOP Control:

Defines the Intra/Inter-frame (I/P) ratio of this profile. For example, set the GOP to 30, then the video stream will have one Intra-frame every 30 frames.

Multicast:

Enable or disable the multicast function.

Multicast Video:

IP address and port for multicast video streaming of the selected profile.

Multicast Audio:

IP address and port for multicast audio streaming of the selected profile.

Time to live:

Time to live (TTL) is a mechanism that limits the lifespan of data in a computer or network. Once the prescribed event count or timespan has elapsed, data is discarded. TTL prevents a data packet from circulating indefinitely.

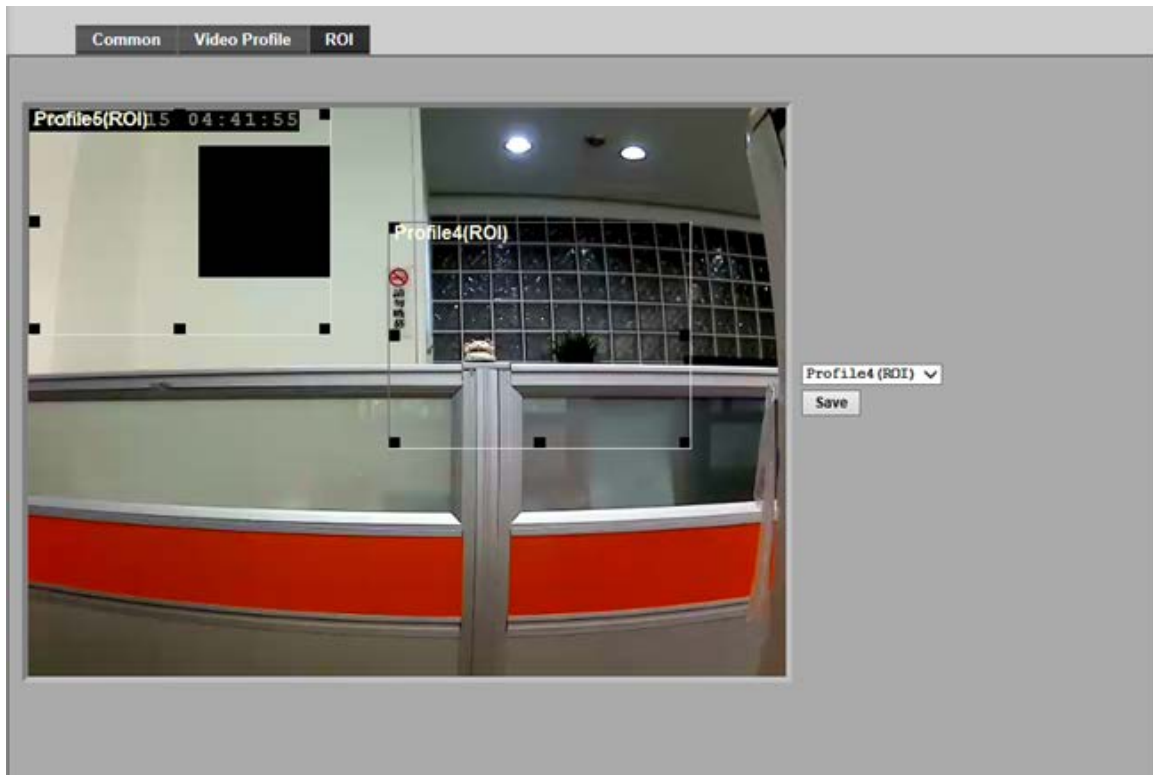
Always Enable Multicast:

Multicast streaming is always enabled or by request.

Warning!!! To enable the multicast streaming, you shall make sure your Intranet does support multicast function. Otherwise, your Intranet may occur network storm seriously.

ROI

ROI means Region of Interest. Use this page to specify location of ROI windows. Only the maximum resolution profiles can be defined as ROI. In this model, the default ROI windows are profile 4 and 5.



Note that this function is not recommended for camera with PTZ/ePTZ actions.

Audio: Audio parameters

Setting

Audio ☐ Disable ☒ Enable

Audio Type g726 ▼

Push to talk ☒ Disable ☐ Enable

Input Gain 80 ▼

Output Gain 80 ▼

Audio:

To enable or disable audio function

Audio Type:

To select audio codec

Mute While PT:

Mute the audio while pan and/or tilt motion

Audio Mode:

To select Simplex or Full duplex (2-way audio) mode

Input Gain:

To adjust gain of input audio

Output Gain:

To adjust gain of output audio

User: Manage user name, password and login privilege

Use this menu to add, update, or remove the usernames and passwords of the Administrator and viewer.

Setting

Viewer Login

☐ Anonymous
 ☒ Only users in database

Save

User Name	Access Right
admin	administrator
root	administrator
quest	viewer

User List

User Name

(1 ~ 20 Digits)

Password

(0 ~ 20 Digits)

Verify Password

(0 ~ 20 Digits)

Access Right

☐ Administrator
 ☒ Viewer

Add

Modify

Delete

Viewer login:

Select "Anonymous" to allow any one viewing the video once connected. Otherwise, only users in database can view the video after login.

Access Right:

Administrator can access every function in this device. However, Viewers only can view the video and access limited function.

PTZ Control:

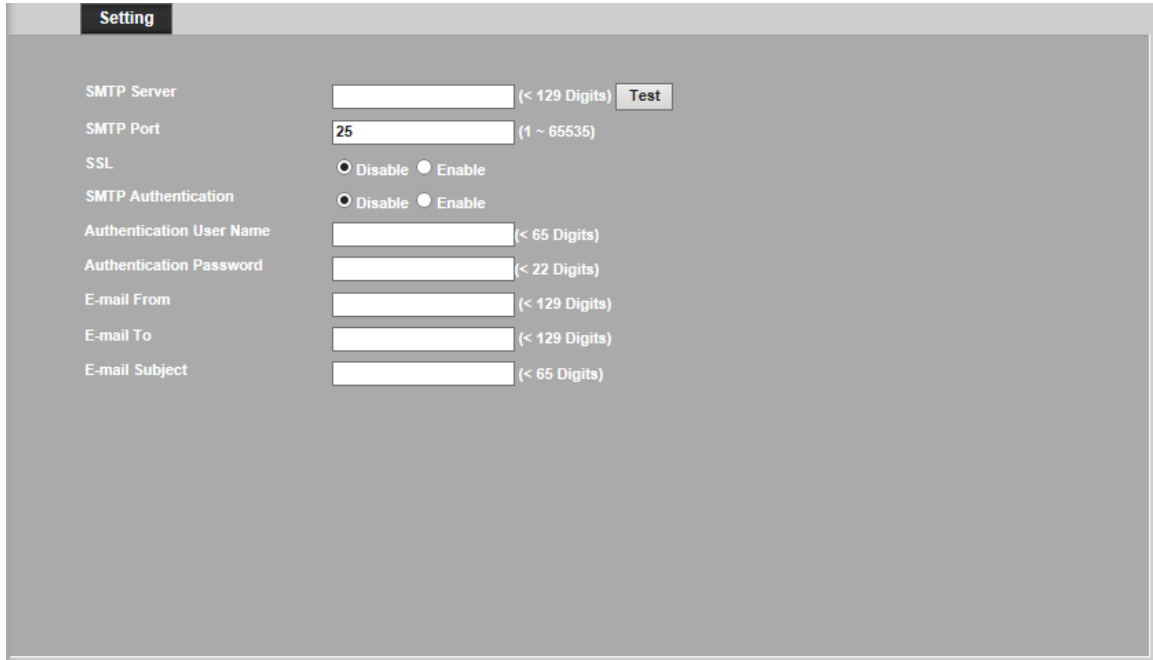
Authorize this user to control PTZ function or not.

Add, update, and remove of Users account:

Manage the user's account of viewer user.

E-Mail: Setup E-Mail configuration

User may setup SMTP mail parameters for further operation of Event Schedule. That's, if users want to send the alarm message out, it will need to configure parameters here first and also add at least one event schedule to enable event triggering.



Setting

SMTP Server (< 129 Digits)

SMTP Port (1 ~ 65535)

SSL ☐ Disable ☒ Enable

SMTP Authentication ☐ Disable ☒ Enable

Authentication User Name (< 65 Digits)

Authentication Password (< 22 Digits)

E-mail From (< 129 Digits)

E-mail To (< 129 Digits)

E-mail Subject (< 65 Digits)

SMTP Server:

Type the SMTP server name or the IP address of the SMTP server.

Test:

Send a test mail to mail server to check this account is available or not.

SMTP Port:

Set port number of SMTP service.

SSL:

Enable SSL function or not.

SMTP Authentication:

Select the authentication required when you send an e-mail.

Disable: if no authentication is required when an e-mail is sent.

Enable: if authentication is required when an e-mail is sent.

Authentication User name:

Type the user name for the SMTP server if **Authentication** is **Enable**.

Authentication Password:

Type the password for the SMTP server if **Authentication** is **Enable**.

E-mail From:

Type the sender's E-mail address. This address is used for reply e-mails.

E-mail To:

Type the receiver's e-mail address.

E-mail Subject:

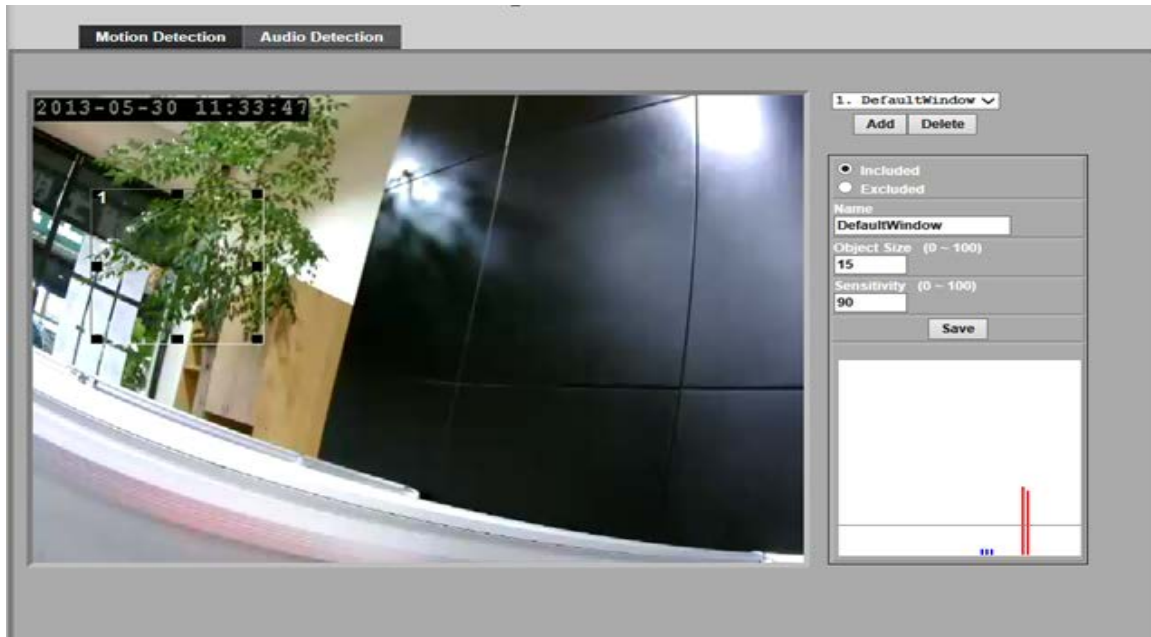
Type the subject/title of the e-mail.

Event detection: Setup motion or audio detection

This device supports 2 types of event detection. The first one is Motion detection and the second one is Audio detection.

Motion Detection

Use this menu to specify motion detection window 1 to window 10 and set the conditions for detection while observing a captured image.



Add and Del:

To add or delete the motion windows. User can specify up to 10 Included and/or Excluded windows to monitor the video captured by this device. By dragging mouse on the image, you can change the position and size of the selected motion window accordingly.

Included or Excluded Window:

These windows can be specified as Included or Excluded type.

Included windows target specific areas within the whole video image

Excluded windows define areas within an Include window that should be ignored
(areas outside Include windows are automatically ignored)

Name:

Name of the specified motion window.

Object Size:

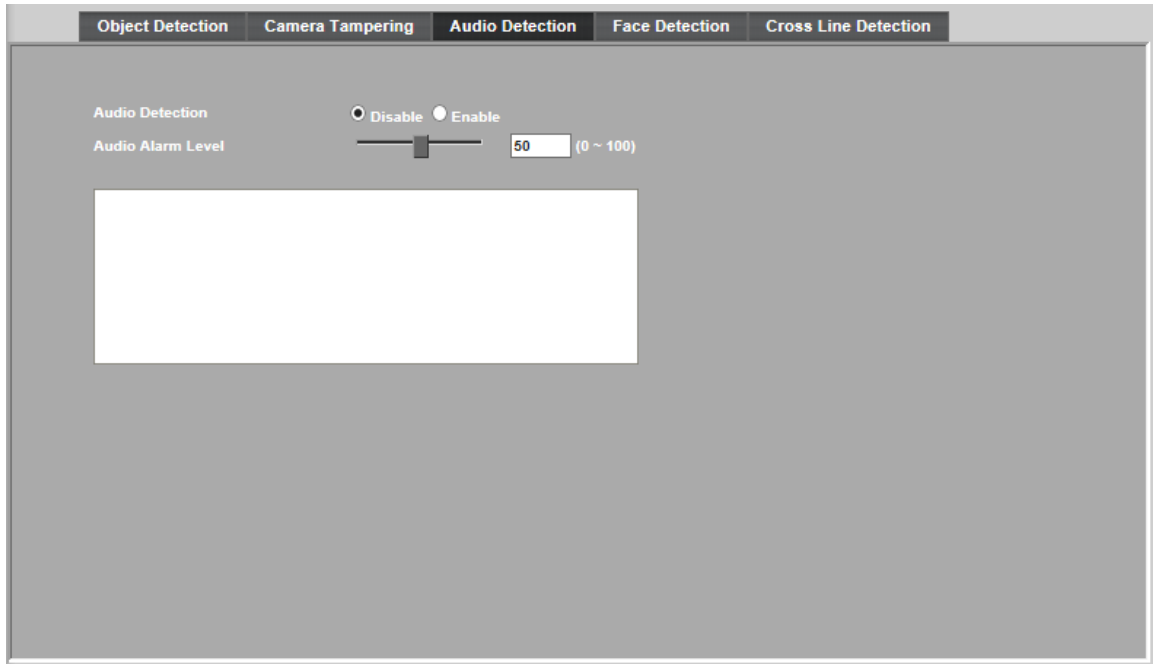
Defines the object size of motion detection. The higher object size will only larger objects trigger motion detection. The lower object size will even small objects trigger motion detection too. Generally speaking, the smaller size will be easier to trigger event.

Sensitivity

Defines the sensitivity value of motion detection. The higher value will be more sensitivity.

Note that this function is not recommended for camera with PTZ/ePTZ actions.

Audio Detection



Audio Alarm Level:

Define the threshold value of audio detection.

Storage: Status and configuration of SD card

SD Card

This page shows the status of attached SD card. You may setup related parameters to manage the attached SD card also.

SD Card		SAMB Server	
Disk ID	SD_DISK	Mount	Unmount
Status	Free space	0% - 0KB	Reload
	Total size	0 KB	Format
	Status	No SD card inserted	
	Full	Yes	
	Readonly	No	
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable automatic disk cleanup Remove recordings older than: 7 day(s) Remove oldest recordings when disk is: 95 % full <input type="checkbox"/> Lock disk			

Enable automatic disk cleanup:

Delete old recorded files while the conditions are reached as below.

Remove recordings order than:

Delete old files by days.

Remove oldest recordings when disk is:

Delete old files by left capacity.

SAMBA Server

This page shows the status of SAMAB server. You may setup related parameters to manage the remote SAMBA server.

SD Card		SAMBA Server	
Host	<input type="text"/>	(1 ~ 63 Digits)	
Share	<input type="text"/>	(1 ~ 63 Digits)	
User Name	<input type="text"/>	(< 64 Digits)	
Password	<input type="text"/>	(< 64 Digits)	
Status	Not Connect		
Total size	0 KB		
Free space	0% - 0 KB		
SAMBA Server	<input type="button" value="Mount"/>		

Host:

Type the SAMBA server domain name or the IP address of the SMTP server.

Share:

Type the share folder of remote SAMBA server which the camera will upload files to this space.

User name:

Type the user name for the remote SAMBA server.

Password:

Type the password for the remote SAMBA server.

Continuous Recording:

The camera can continuously record video stream into files and save them to attached SD card or remote SAMBA server.

Note that there are various factors affecting the recording results, such as the camera's system loading, network condition, SD card performance, multiple client accessing, and so on. No guarantee will be given to "seamless recording" in the recorded video files.



The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface for 'Continuous Recording'. It features several settings: 'Continuous Recording' is set to 'Enable' (radio button); 'Record File Type' is set to 'Profile1 h264 / 1536x1536' with a dropdown arrow and 'AVI' with a dropdown arrow; 'Disk' is set to 'SAMBA Server' (radio button); 'Path' is set to 'Afidus-00304FA26237' with a text box and a note '(For example: Folder1/Folder2/Folder3) (1 ~ 63 Digits)'; a 'Restart' button is present with a tooltip '(Restarting will delete the current recording.)'; and a note at the bottom states 'Oldest recordings will be removed if the disk is 90% full and free space is smaller than 1GB.'

Continuous Recording:

Enable or disable this function.

Record File Type:

Choose a video profile to record.

DISK:

Save recorded files to SD card or remote SAMBA server.

Path:

Define the folder path for the recorded files.

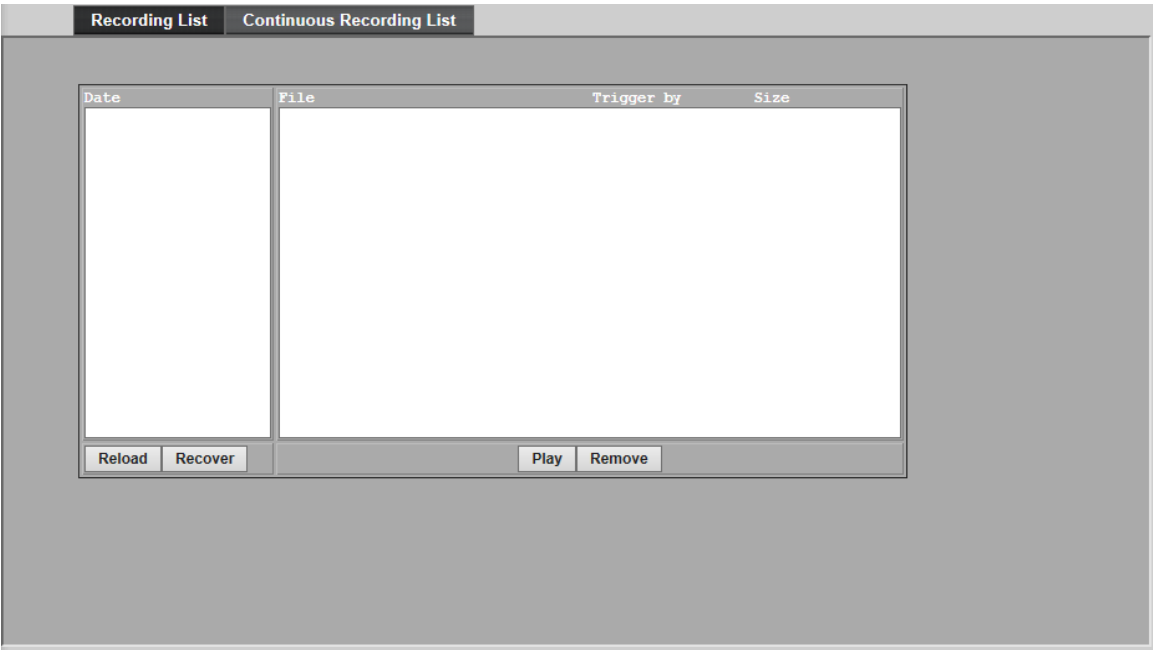
Restart:

Be careful, click this button will delete all continuous files recorded in SD card or remote SAMBA server.

Recording List: Files list inside the SD Card

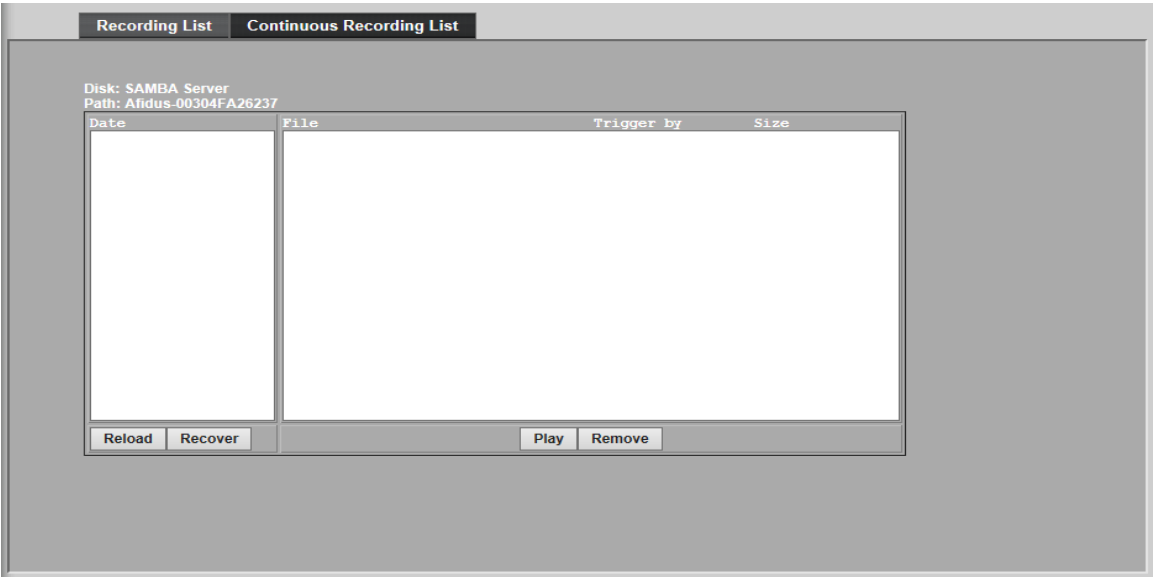
Recording List

This page only shows the event recording files which stored in SD card. User may play or delete the selected file.



Continuous Recording List

This page only shows the continuous recording files which stored in SD card or remote SAMBA server. User may play or delete the selected file.



Event Server: Setup FTP/TCP/HTTP/SAMBA server configuration

FTP Server

You may setup FTP parameters for further operation of Event Schedule. That's, if users want to send the alarm message to an FTP server, it will need to configure parameters here and also add at least one event schedule to enable event triggering as SMTP.

Name:

User can specify multiple FTP paths as wish. Therefore, user needs to specify a name for each FTP setting.

FTP Server:

Type the server name or the IP address of the FTP server.

Test:

Check the FTP server whether this account is available or not.

FTP Login name:

Type the user name for the FTP server.

FTP Login Password:

Type the password for the FTP server.

FTP Port:

Set port number of FTP service.

FTP Path:

Set working directory path of FTP server.

FTP Passive Mode:

Select passive or active mode connecting to FTP server.

TCP Server

In addition to send video file to FTP server, the device also can send event message to specified TCP server.

The screenshot shows the 'Maintenance' tab in the Network Camera's configuration interface. The 'System' sub-tab is selected. The configuration includes:

- Afidus DDNS:** Radio buttons for 'Disable' and 'Enable'.
- Afidus DDNS ID:** A text field containing '107014051' and a 'Test' button.
- Device Title:** A text field containing 'PM-220F4' with a note '(0 ~ 30 Digits)'.
- Software Version:** A text field containing '6.C.2.11769'.
- Network LED:** Radio buttons for 'Enable' and 'Disable'.
- Power LED (Wireless LED):** Radio buttons for 'Enable' and 'Disable'.
- Log:** A 'Reload' button and a scrollable log window.

The log window displays the following messages:

```
Nov 8 20:15:05 PM-220F4 syslog.info syslogd started: BusyBox v1.13.4
Nov 8 20:15:05 PM-220F4 user.notice kernel: klogd started: BusyBox v1.13.4 (2013-08-
Nov 8 20:15:05 PM-220F4 user.notice kernel: Linux version 2.6.28 (richard@richard)
Nov 8 20:15:05 PM-220F4 user.warn kernel: CPU: FA626TE [66056261] revision 1 (ARMv5
Nov 8 20:15:05 PM-220F4 user.warn kernel: CPU: VIPT aliasing data cache, VIPT alias
Nov 8 20:15:05 PM-220F4 user.warn kernel: Machine: Faraday GM8126
Nov 8 20:15:05 PM-220F4 user.warn kernel: Warning: bad configuration page, trying to
Nov 8 20:15:05 PM-220F4 user.warn kernel: Memory policy: ECC disabled, Data cache w
Nov 8 20:15:05 PM-220F4 user.debug kernel: On node 0 totalpages: 65536
Nov 8 20:15:05 PM-220F4 user.debug kernel: free_area_init_node: node 0, pgdat c0de6
Nov 8 20:15:05 PM-220F4 user.debug kernel: Normal zone: 512 pages used for memmap
Nov 8 20:15:05 PM-220F4 user.debug kernel: Normal zone: 0 pages reserved
Nov 8 20:15:05 PM-220F4 user.debug kernel: Normal zone: 65024 pages, LIFO batch:1!
```

Name:

User can specify multiple TCP servers as wish. Therefore, user needs to specify a name for each TCP server setting.

TCP Server:

Type the server name or the IP address of the TCP server.

TCP Port:

Set port number of TCP server.

HTTP Server

The device also can send event message to specified HTTP server.

The screenshot shows the 'HTTP Server' configuration page. At the top, there are four tabs: 'FTP Server', 'TCP Server', 'HTTP Server' (which is active), and 'SAMBA Server'. Below the tabs is a table with two columns: 'Name' and 'Proxy Address'. The table is currently empty. Below the table, there are several input fields with labels and constraints: 'Name' (< 22 Digits), 'URL' (http://, < 129 Digits) with a 'Test' button, 'HTTP Login Name' (< 22 Digits), 'HTTP Login Password' (< 22 Digits), 'Proxy Address' (< 129 Digits), 'Proxy Login Name' (< 22 Digits), 'Proxy Login Password' (< 22 Digits), and 'Proxy Port' (1 ~ 65535). At the bottom of the form are three buttons: 'Add', 'Modify', and 'Delete'.

Name:

User can specify multiple HTTP servers as wish. Therefore, user needs to specify a name for each HTTP server setting.

URL:

Type the server name or the IP address of the HTTP server.

Test:

Check the HTTP server whether it is available or not.

HTTP Login name:

Type the user name for the HTTP server.

HTTP Login Password:

Type the password for the HTTP server.

Proxy Address:

Type the server name or the IP address of the HTTP Proxy.

Proxy Login name:

Type the user name for the HTTP Proxy.

Proxy Login Password:

Type the password for the HTTP Proxy.

Proxy Port:

Set port number of Proxy.

SAMBA Server

The device also can send video stream to specified SAMBA server.

Name	SAMBA Server	SAMBA Path
------	--------------	------------

Name	<input type="text"/>	(< 22 Digits)
SAMBA Server	<input type="text"/>	(< 65 Digits) <input type="button" value="Test"/>
SAMBA Login Name	<input type="text"/>	(< 22 Digits)
SAMBA Login Password	<input type="text"/>	(< 22 Digits)
SAMBA Path	<input type="text"/>	(< 65 Digits)

Name:

User can specify multiple HTTP servers as wish. Therefore, user needs to specify a name for each HTTP server setting.

SAMBA Server:

Type the server name or the IP address of the SAMBA server.

Test:

Check the SAMBA server whether this account is available or not.

SAMBA Login name:

Type the user name for the SAMBA server.

SAMBA Login Password:

Type the password for the SAMBA server.

SAMBA Path:

Set working directory path of SAMBA server.

Event Schedule: Configure the event schedule

Setting

This menu is used to specify the schedule of Event or Schedule Trigger and activate the some actions provided by this device. Where the Schedule Trigger will be activated by user-define interval without event happened.

Name	Enable	Type	Weekday	Start	Duration	Trigger by	Prefix	Action
<div> <div>Name</div> <div> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No </div> <div> <div>Type</div> <div> <input type="radio"/> Event Trigger <input type="radio"/> Schedule Trigger, Interval <input type="text" value="60"/> (Seconds) </div> </div> <div> <div>Enable Time</div> <div> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sun <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mon <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tue <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Thu <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fri <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sat Start from <input type="text" value="0"/> : <input type="text" value="0"/> , Duration <input type="text" value="24"/> : <input type="text" value="0"/> ((max 168:00 hours)) </div> </div> <div> <div>Trigger by</div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> Sensor <input type="text" value="Change to active"/> <input type="button" value="v"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Camera Tampering <input type="checkbox"/> Audio Detection <input type="text" value="Over Alarm Level"/> <input type="button" value="v"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Face Detection <input type="checkbox"/> Cross Line Detection <input type="checkbox"/> Object Detection <input type="checkbox"/> Network Disconnect </div> </div> <div> <div>Record File Prefix</div> <div> <input type="text" value=""/> (0 ~ 48 Digits) </div> </div> <div> <div> <input type="radio"/> Go <input checked="" type="radio"/> Preset <input type="button" value="v"/> <input type="radio"/> Tour <input type="button" value="v"/> </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> Voice Alert, Duration <input type="text" value="5"/> (0~86400 Seconds) <input type="checkbox"/> Alarm Out, Duration <input type="text" value="5"/> (0~86400 Seconds) </div> </div> <div> <div>Add</div> <div>Modify</div> <div>Delete</div> </div> </div>								

Name:

Name of the Event or Schedule.

Enable:

Enable or disable this Event or Schedule.

Type:

Event trigger or Schedule trigger.

Enable Time:

Define the feasible time slot.

Trigger by:

Select the triggered sources.

Action:

Define the actions once event triggered.

Example 1:

Send file to FTP server by motion triggered always:

1. Select event trigger
2. Enable time: start from 00:00 to 24:00 every day
3. Trigger by: Motion Area (Added in Object Detection page)
4. Action : Send FTP (Add in Event Server -> FTP Server page)

Name	Enable	Type	Weekday	Start	Duration	Trigger by	Prefix	Action
Send to FTP	yes	Event	1111111	0:0	24:0	x,M0,x,x		FTP

Name	Send_to_FTP
Enable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Type	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Event Trigger <input type="radio"/> Schedule Trigger, Interval 60 (Seconds)
Enable Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sun <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mon <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tue <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Thu <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fri <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sat Start from 0:0, Duration 24:0 ((max 168:00 hours))
Trigger by	<input type="checkbox"/> Sensor Change to active <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Motion Area DefaultWindow <input type="checkbox"/> Camera Tampering <input type="checkbox"/> Audio Detection Over Alarm Level
Record File Prefix	(0 ~ 48 Digits)
Action	<input type="checkbox"/> Voice Alert, Duration (0~86400 Seconds) <input type="checkbox"/> Alarm Out, Duration (0~86400 Seconds) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Send FTP Test <input type="checkbox"/> Send TCP <input type="checkbox"/> Send HTTP <input type="checkbox"/> Send E-Mail

Example 2:

Send file to E-Mail server by motion triggered from Friday 18:00 to Saturday 06:00

1. Select event trigger.
2. Enable time: start from Friday 18:00 and keep work in 12 hours, so it will stop on Saturday 06:00.
3. Trigger by : Motion Area (Added in Object Detection page)
4. Action : Send e-mail (Add in E-Mail page)
 - i. To email address: You need to input the receiver email address.
 - ii. Subject: You could specify the email subject.
 - iii. Message: You could specify the email content.

Setting Record Port Status									
Name	Enable	Type	Weekday	Start	Duration	Trigger by	Prefix	Action	
Send_to_Email	yes	Event	1111111	0:0	24:0	x,M0,x,x		SMTP	

Name	<input type="text"/>
Enable	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Type	<input type="radio"/> Event Trigger <input type="radio"/> Schedule Trigger, Interval <input type="text" value="60"/> (Seconds)
Enable Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sun <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mon <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tue <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Thu <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fri <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sat Start from <input type="text" value="0"/> : <input type="text" value="0"/> , Duration <input type="text" value="24"/> : <input type="text" value="0"/> (max 168:00 hours)
Trigger by	<input type="checkbox"/> Sensor <input type="text" value="Change to active"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Motion Area <input type="text" value="DefaultWindow"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Camera Tampering <input type="checkbox"/> Audio Detection <input type="text" value="Over Alarm Level"/>
Record File Prefix	<input type="text"/> (0 ~ 48 Digits)
Action	<input type="checkbox"/> Voice Alert, Duration <input type="text" value="5"/> (0~86400 Seconds) <input type="checkbox"/> Alarm Out, Duration <input type="text" value="5"/> (0~86400 Seconds) <input type="checkbox"/> Send FTP <input type="text" value=""/> <input type="checkbox"/> Send TCP <input type="text" value=""/> <input type="checkbox"/> Send HTTP <input type="text" value=""/> <input type="checkbox"/> Send E-Mail

Example 3:

Enable Voice Alert every 10-minute during 18:00 to 24:00 from Monday to Friday.

1. Type: Select schedule trigger and interval is 10-minute.
2. Enable time: Select Monday to Friday, and set start time from 18:00 and keep work in 6 hours.
3. Trigger by : You do not need to choose it, because this will be triggered every 10 minute
4. Action : Voice Alert

Setting Record Port Status									
Name	Enable	Type	Weekday	Start	Duration	Trigger by	Prefix	Action	
Trigger_Voice_Alert	yes	Schedule	1111111	0:0	24:0	x,M0,x,x		VOICE	

Name	Trigger_Voice_Alert
Enable	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Type	<input type="radio"/> Event Trigger <input type="radio"/> Schedule Trigger, Interval <input type="text" value="600"/> (Seconds)
Enable Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sun <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mon <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tue <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Thu <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fri <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sat Start from <input type="text" value="0"/> : <input type="text" value="0"/> , Duration <input type="text" value="24"/> : <input type="text" value="0"/> (max 168:00 hours)
Trigger by	<input type="checkbox"/> Sensor <input type="text" value="Change to active"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Motion Area <input type="text" value="DefaultWindow"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Camera Tampering <input type="checkbox"/> Audio Detection <input type="text" value="Over Alarm Level"/>
Record File Prefix	<input type="text"/> (0 ~ 48 Digits)
Action	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Voice Alert, Duration <input type="text" value="10"/> (0~86400 Seconds) <input type="checkbox"/> Alarm Out, Duration <input type="text"/> (0~86400 Seconds) <input type="checkbox"/> Send FTP <input type="text" value=""/> <input type="checkbox"/> Send TCP <input type="text" value=""/> <input type="checkbox"/> Send HTTP <input type="text" value=""/> <input type="checkbox"/> Send E-Mail

Record

User can choose the type of record file for event or schedule application.

The screenshot shows a web interface with three tabs: 'Setting', 'Record', and 'Port Status'. The 'Record' tab is active. It contains five configuration items:

Record File Type	Profile1 h264 / 1536x1536
Record File Prefix	<input type="text"/> (0 ~ 20 Digits)
Pre Trigger Duration	<input type="text" value="5"/> (0 ~ 20 Seconds)
Best Effort Duration	<input type="text" value="30"/> (1 ~ 60 Seconds)
Max File Size	<input type="text" value="3072"/> (256 ~ 3072 Bytes)

Record File Type:

Choose a profile to record.

Record File Prefix:

Define the prefix of recorded filename.

Pre-Trigger Duration:

Define the maximum duration of pre-alarm.

Best Effort Duration:

Define the best effort duration of post-alarm.

Max File Size:

Define the maximum buffer size of record file.

Port Status

User can check the status of digital input and output (DIDO).



Input Status:

Show either inactive or active.

Output Status:

Show either inactive or active.

Appendix A: Alarm I/O Connector

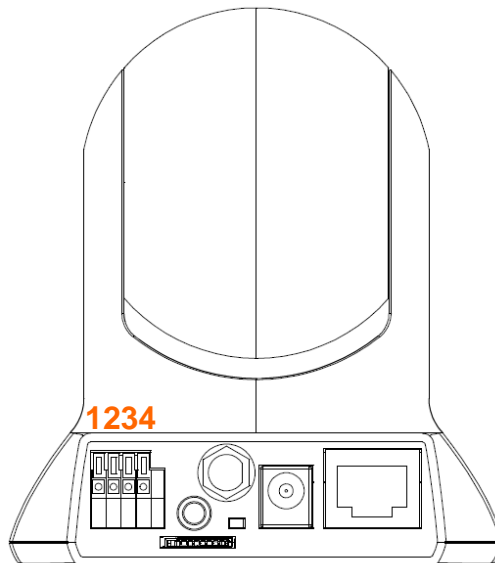
Some features of the Network Camera can be activated by the external sensor that senses physical changes in the area Network Camera is monitoring. These changes can include intrusion detection or certain physical change in the monitored area. For examples, the external sensor can be a door switch or an infrared motion detector. These devices are customer provided, and are available from dealers who carry surveillance and security products. Electrically, they must be able to provide a momentary contact closure.

This device provides a general I/O terminal block with one digital input and one output for device control. The pin 1 is located at the left side of terminal block from rear view. Pin 2 and 3 can be connected to an external sensor. The input voltage will be monitored from the initial state 'LOW'. If the external sensor need 12VDC power, then it can connect to Pin1 (50mA maximum). The Alarm Output of pin 3 and 4 can be used to turn on or off the external device.

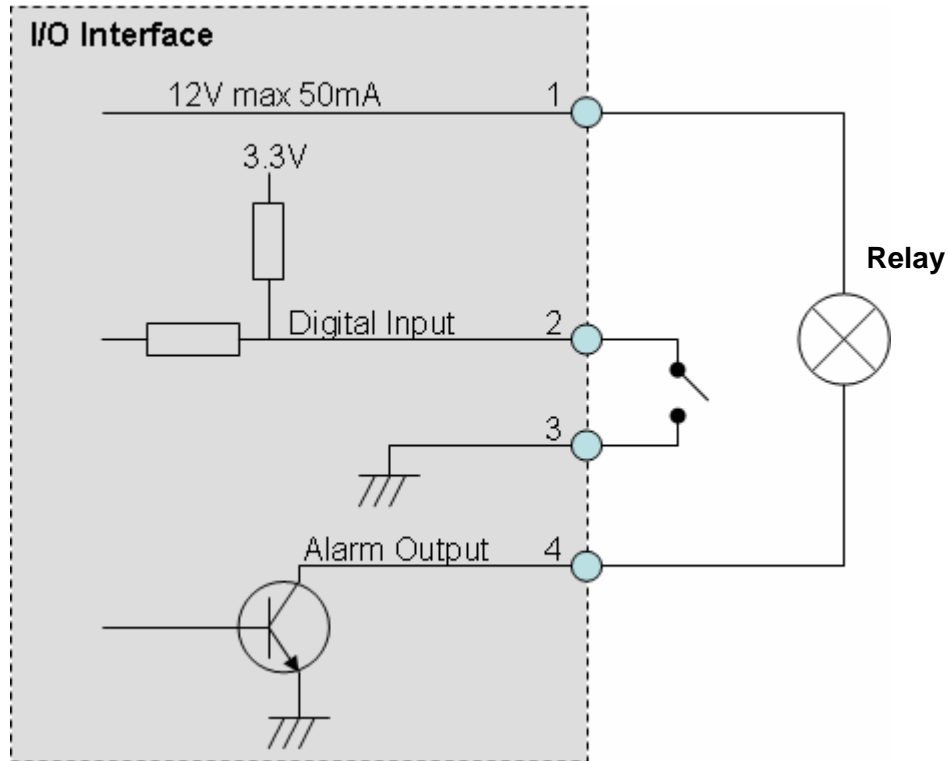
This Network Camera provides a general I/O terminal block as below:

Pin	Function
1	12VDC power supply (50mA maximum)
2	Digital Input
3	GND
4	Alarm Output

User can refer to the schematic below to make a proper connection between I/O connector and external sensor and output device.



Explanation of External I/O Circuit Diagram:



CAUTION!

- THE LOW VOLTAGE/CURRENT CIRCUITS AND HIGH VOLTAGE/ CURRENT CIRCUITS ARE IN THE NETWORK CAMERA CIRCUIT. THE QUALIFIED ELECTRICIAN SHOULD DO THE WIRING NOT BY YOURSELF. INCORRECT WIRING COULD DAMAGE NETWORK CAMERA. YOU COULD RECEIVE THE FATAL ELECTRIC SHOCK.
- THE EXTERNAL I/O IS NOT CAPABLE OF CONNECTING DIRECTLY TO DEVICES THAT REQUIRE LARGE AMOUNTS OF CURRENT. IN SOME CASES, A CUSTOM INTERFACE CIRCUIT (CUSTOMER PROVIDED) MAY HAVE TO BE USED. SERIOUS DAMAGE TO NETWORK CAMERA MAY RESULT IF A DEVICE IS CONNECTED TO THE EXTERNAL I/O THAT EXCEEDS ITS ELECTRICAL CAPABILITY.

Appendix B: Troubleshooting & Frequently Asked Questions

Question	Answer or Resolution
Features	
The video and audio codec is adopted in the device.	The device utilizes H.264, MPEG4 and JPEG triple compression to providing high quality images. Where H.264 and MPEG4 are standards for video compression and JPEG is a standard for image compression. The audio codec is defined as AMR for 3GPP and G.711/G.726 for RTSP streaming.
The maximum number of users access the device simultaneously.	The maximum number of users is limited to 20. However, it also depends on the total bandwidth accessed to this device from clients. The maximum data throughput of the device is around 20Mbps for UDP mode and 10Mbps for HTTP mode. Therefore, the actual number of connected clients is varying by streaming mode, settings of resolution, codec type, frame rate and bandwidth. Obviously, the performance of the each connected client will slow down when many users are logged on.
The device can be used outdoors or not.	The device is not weatherproof. It needs to be equipped with a weatherproof case for outdoors using. However, equipped with a weatherproof case might disable the audio function of the device.
Install this device	
Status LED does not light up.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check and confirm that the DC power adaptor, included in packaged, is used. Secure the power connector and re-power it on again. • If the problem is not solved, the device might be faulty. Contact your dealer for further help.
The network cabling is required for the device.	The device uses Category 5 UTP cable allowing 10 and/or 100 Base-T networking.
The device will be installed and work if a firewall exists on the network.	If a firewall exists on the network, port 80 is open for ordinary data communication. The HTTP port and RTSP port need to be opened on the firewall or NAT router.
The username and password for the first time or after factory default reset	Username = admin and leave password blank. Note that it's all case sensitivity.
Forgot the username and password	Follow the steps below. 1. Restore the factory default setting by pressing and

	<p>holding down more than 5 seconds on the device.</p> <p>2. Reconfigure the device.</p>
Forgot the IP address of the device.	Check IP address of device by using the IPWizard II program or by UPnP discovery.
IPWizard II program cannot find the device.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Re-power the device if cannot find the unit within 1 minutes. • Do not connect device over a router. IPWizard II program cannot detect device over a router. • If IP address is not assigned to the PC which running IPWizard II program, then IPWizard II program cannot find device. Make sure that IP address is assigned to the PC properly. • Antivirus software on the PC might interfere with the setup program. Disable the firewall of the antivirus software during setting up this device. • Check the firewall setting of your PC or Notebook.
Internet Explorer does not seem to work well with the device	Make sure that your Internet Explorer is version 6.0 or later. If you are experiencing problems, try upgrading to the latest version of Microsoft's Internet Explorer from the Microsoft webpage.
IPWizard II program fails to save the network parameters.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Network may have trouble. Confirm the parameters and connections of the device.
UPnP NAT Traversal	
Cannot work with NAT router	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maybe NAT router does not support UPnP function. Please check user's manual of router and turn on UPnP function. • Maybe UPnP function of NAT router is not compatible to the IP camera. Please contact your dealer to get the approval routers list.
Some IP cameras are working but others are failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maybe too many IP cameras have been installed on the LAN, and then NAT router is out of resource to support more cameras. You could turn off and on NAT router to clear out of date information inside router.
Access this device	
Cannot access the login page and other web pages of the Network Camera from Internet Explorer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maybe the IP Address of the Network Camera is already being used by another device or computer. To confirm this possible problem, disconnect the Network Camera from the network first, and then run the PING utility to check it out. • May be due to the network cable. Try correcting your network cable and configuration. Test the network interface by connecting a local computer to the Network Camera via a crossover cable. • Make sure the Internet connection and setting is ok. • Make sure enter the IP address of Internet Explorer is correct. If the Network Camera has a dynamic address, it may have changed since you last checked it. • Network congestion may prevent the web page appearing quickly. Wait for a while. <p>The IP address and Subnet Mask of the PC and Network Camera must be in the same class of the private IP address</p>

	<p>on the LAN.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure the http port used by the Network Camera, default=80, is forward to the Network Camera's private IP address. • The port number assigned in your Network Camera might not be available via Internet. Check your ISP for available port. • The proxy server may prevent you from connecting directly to the Network Camera, set up not to use the proxy server. • Confirm that Default Gateway address is correct. • The router needs Port Forwarding feature. Refer to your router's manual for details. • Packet Filtering of the router may prohibit access from an external network. Refer to your router's manual for details. • Access the Network Camera from the Internet with the global IP address of the router and port number of Network Camera. • Some routers reject the global IP address to access the Network Camera on the same LAN. Access with the private IP address and correct port number of Network Camera. • When you use DDNS, you need to set Default Gateway and DNS server address. • If it's not working after above procedure, reset Network Camera to default setting and installed it again. • If the problem is not solved, the Network Camera might be faulty. Contact your dealer for further help.
Image or video does not appear in the main page.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The first time the PC connects to Network Camera, a pop-up Security Warning window will appear to download ActiveX Controls. When using Windows XP, or Vista, log on with an appropriate account that is authorized to install applications. • Network congestion may prevent the Image screen from appearing quickly. You may choose lower resolution to reduce the required bandwidth.
Check the device's ActiveX is installed on your computer	<p>Go to C:\Windows\Downloaded Program Files and check to see if there is an entry for the file "IPCamera Control". The status column should show "Installed". If the file is not listed, make sure your Security Settings in Internet Explorer are configured properly and then try reloading the device's home page. Most likely, the ActiveX control did not download and install correctly. Check your Internet Explorer security settings and then close and restart Internet Explorer. Try to browse and log in again.</p>
Internet Explorer displays the following message: "Your current security settings prohibit downloading ActiveX controls".	<p>Setup the IE security settings or configure the individual settings to allow downloading and scripting of ActiveX controls.</p>
The device work locally	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Might be caused from the firewall protection. Check the

but not externally.	<p>Internet firewall with your system or network administrator. The firewall may need to have some settings changed in order for the device to be accessible outside your LAN.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure that the device isn't conflicting with any other web server running on your LAN. • Check the configuration of the router settings allow the device to be accessed outside your local LAN. • Check the bandwidth of Internet connection. If the Internet bandwidth is lower than target bit rate, the video streaming will not work correctly.
The unreadable characters are displayed.	<p>Use the operating system of the selected language. Set the Encoding or the Character Set of the selected language on the Internet Explorer.</p>
Frame rate is slower than the setting.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The traffic of the network and the object of the image affect the frame rate. The network congestion causes frame rate slower than the setting. • Check the bandwidth of Internet connection. If the Internet bandwidth is lower than target bit rate, the video streaming will not work correctly. • Ethernet switching hub can smooth the frame rate.
Blank screen or very slow video when audio is enabled.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Your connection to the device does not have enough bandwidth to support a higher frame rate for the streamed image size. Try reducing the video streaming size to 160x120 or 320x240 and/or disabling audio. • Audio will consume 32 kbps. Disable audio to improve video. Your Internet connection may not have enough bandwidth to support streaming audio from the device.
Image Transfer on e-mail or FTP does not work.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Default Gateway and DNS server address should be set up correctly. • If FTP does not work properly, ask your ISP or network administrator about the transferring mode of FTP server.
Pan/Tilt does not work. (including Click to Center and Preset Positioning)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Click [Refresh] on the Internet Explorer when the communication stops with the device. The image will refresh. • Other clients may be operating Pan/Tilt. • Pan/Tilt operation has reached the end of corner.
Pan/Tilt does not work smoothly.	<p>There may be a slight delay when you are using the Pan/Tilt feature in conjunction with streaming audio and video. If you find that there is a significant delay while panning or tilting the camera, try disabling the audio streaming and/or reducing the video streaming size.</p>
Video quality of the device	
The focus on the Camera is bad.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The lens is dirty or dust is attached. Fingerprints, dust, stain, etc. on the lens can degrade the image quality.
The color of the image is poor or strange.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adjust White Balance. • To insure the images you are viewing are the best they can be, set the Display property setting (color quality) to 16bit at least and 24 bit or higher if possible within your computer. • The configuration on the device image display is incorrect. You need to adjust the image related parameters such as brightness, contrast, hue and sharpness properly.

Image flickers.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Wrong power line frequency makes images flicker. Make sure the 50 or 60Hz format of your device.• If the object is dark, the image will flicker. Make the condition around the Camera brighter.
Noisy images occur.	The video images might be noisy if the device is located in a very low light environment. Make the condition around the camera brighter or turn the White-light LED on.
Miscellaneous	
Cannot play the recorded ASF file	Have installed Microsoft®'s DirectX 9.0 or later and use the Windows Media Player 11.0 or later to play the AVI filed recorded by the Device.

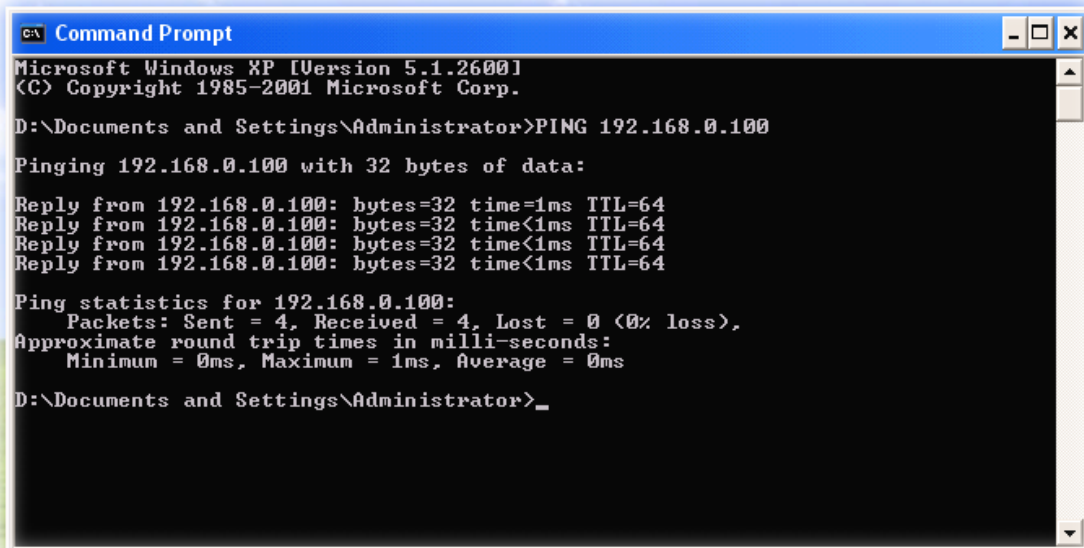
Appendix C: PING IP Address

The PING (stands for Packet Internet Groper) command is used to detect whether a specific IP address is accessible by sending a packet to the specific address and waiting for a reply. It's also a very useful tool to confirm the device installed or if the IP address conflicts with any other devices over the network.

If you want to make sure the IP address of the device, utilize the PING command as follows:

- Launch a Command Prompt.
- Type ping x.x.x.x, where x.x.x.x is the IP address of the device. For example, ping 192.168.0.100

The replies, as illustrated below, will provide an explanation to the problem.



```

C:\ Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

D:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>PING 192.168.0.100

Pinging 192.168.0.100 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.0.100: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.0.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.0.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.0.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64

Ping statistics for 192.168.0.100:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms

D:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>_

```

If you want to detect any other devices conflicts with the IP address of Network Camera, also can utilize the PING command but you must disconnect the Camera from the network first.

Appendix D: Bandwidth Estimation

The frame rate of video transmitted from the device depends on connection bandwidth between client and server, video resolution, codec type, and quality setting of server. Here is a guideline to help you roughly estimate the bandwidth requirements from your device.

The required bandwidth depends on content of video source. The slow motion video will produce smaller bit rate generally and fast motion will produce higher bit rate vice versa. Actual results generated by the device may be varying.

Image Resolution	Average range of data sizes for JPEG mode	Average bit rate for MPEG4 mode	Average bit rate for H.264 mode
160 x 80	3 ~ 6k byte per frame	64kbps~256kbps @ 30fps	32kbps~192kbps @ 30fps
320 x 160	8 ~ 20k byte per frame	256kbps~768kbps @ 30fps	192kbps~512kbps @ 30fps
640 x 480	20 ~ 50K byte per frame	512kbps~3072kbps @ 30fps	384kbps~1536kbps @ 30fps
1600x1200	200 ~ 500k byte per frame	1536kbps~8000kbps @10 fps	1536kbps~8000kbps @ 15fps

Note: Audio streaming also takes bandwidth around 32kbps. Some xDSL/Cable modem upload speeds could not even reach up to 128 kbps. Thus, you may not be able to receive good quality video while also streaming audio on a 128 kbps or lower connection. Even though the upload speed is more than 128kbps, for optimal video performance, disabling audio streaming will get better video performance.

Appendix E: Specifications

Camera	MM-220F7	MM-230F7
Image Device	1/3“ 2 Mega-pixel image sensor	
Effective Pixels	1600x1200 pixels (sensor)	
Lens	4.2mm	
Pan & Tilt		
Pan Degree	355°	
Tilt Degree	0~90°	
Manual Pan Degree	90°/ second (max); 1°/ second (min)	
Manual Tilt Degree	90°/ second (max); 1°/ second (min)	
Preset Points	128 preset points	
Camera Tour	16 tours	
IP Module		
Video		
Video Encoder	H.264, MPEG4 and MJPEG simultaneously (Tri-encoders)	
Video Profile	20 profiles simultaneously	
Frame Rate	Up to 15fps for 1600*1200 Up to 30fps @720p mode	
Region of Interest	Editable ROI (Max.5 Windows)	
Image Setting	AE, AWB 3D Noise reduction Color, brightness, sharpness, contrast, Hue Mirror/Flip 8 Privacy Masks Text, time and date overlay	
Streaming	Simultaneously multi-profile streaming Streaming over UDP, TCP, or HTTP M-JPEG streaming over HTTP (server push) Supports 3GPP mobile surveillance Controllable frame rate and bandwidth Constant and variable bit rate (MPEG4 / H.264) ROI	
Audio		
Audio Encoder	RTSP: G.711 64kbps, G.726 32kbps 3GPP: AMR	
Audio Streaming	One-way or two-way	
Microphone	Internal microphone input	
Audio Output	Adjustable audio output gain	
Network		
Supported Protocols	IPv6, IPv4, TCP, UDP, HTTP, SMTP, FTP, NTP, DNS, DDNS, DHCP,	

	DDNS, ARP, Bonjour, UPnP, RTSP, RTP, RTCP, IGMP, PPPoE, 3GPP, Samba, ICMP, HTTPS
Security	Password protection, IP address filtering, HTTPS encrypted data transmission, user access log
Users	20 simultaneous unicast users
Ethernet	10/100M auto negotiation
System Integration	
Application Programming Interface	Open API for software integration ONVIF for SDK integration
Alarm Triggers	Intelligent video motion detection Audio detection External input
Motion Detection	10-zone video motion detection with included or excluded options
Alarm Events	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● File upload via FTP ● File upload via SMTP email ● File upload via Samba to NAS ● Notification via email, HTTP, and TCP ● DO (Alarm output) ● Go to PT preset position ● Audio alerting output ● mSD card local storage
Video Buffer	Pre and post alarm buffering
General	
RAM	256MB
ROM	16MB
Power Supply	12V DC external power adapter
Connectors	RJ-45 10BaseT/100BaseTX 12V DC power jack 1 alarm input and 1 output Phone jack Audio out Factory default reset mSD card
ICR	Yes
Illumination LED	12 IR LEDs
Operating Temperature	0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F)
Operating Humidity	20% ~ 80% (non-condensing)
Dimension	H x W x D: 97x86x81 mm
Viewing System	
OS	Windows® XP, Vista, Win7, Win8
Browser	IE 6.0 or later, Firefox 2.0 or later, Safari , Google Chrome
Cell Phone	With 3GPP player
Video Player	VLC, Quick Time, Real Player, Core Player
Software	
Search & Installation	IP Wizard II
Easy DDNS	DDNS™
Afidus Cloud Service™, Afidus DDNS Service™, Afidus Smart Phone Apps, Afidus NVR64™	

Appendix F: Configure Port Forwarding Manually

The device can be used with a router. If the device wants to be accessed from the WAN, its IP address needs to be setup as fixed IP address, also the port forwarding or Virtual Server function of router needs to be setup. This device supports UPnP traversal function. Therefore, user could use this feature to configure port forwarding of NAT router first. However, if user needs to configure port forwarding manually, please follow the steps as below:

Manually installing the device with a router on your network is an easy 3–step procedure as following:

- ☐ (1) Assign a local/fixed IP address to your device
- ☐ (2) Access the Router with Your Web browser
- ☐ (3) Open/Configure Virtual Server Ports of Your Router

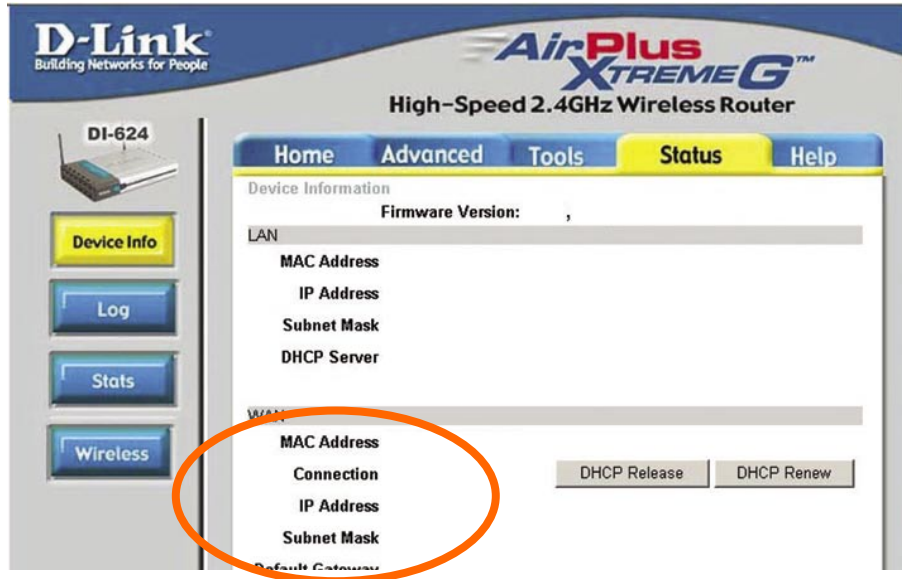
(1) Assign a local/fixed IP address to your device

The device must be assigned a local and fixed IP Address that allows it to be recognized by the router. Manually setup the device with a fixed IP address, for example, 192.168.0.100.

(2) Access the Router with Your Web browser

The following steps generally apply to any router that you have on your network. The D-Link DI-624 is used as an example to clarify the configuration process. Configure the initial settings of the router by following the steps outlined in the router's **Quick Installation Guide**.

If you have cable or DSL service, you will most likely have a dynamically assigned WAN IP Address. 'Dynamic' means that your router's WAN IP address can change from time to time depending on your ISP. A dynamic WAN IP Address identifies your router on the public network and allows it to access the Internet. To find out what your router's WAN IP Address is, go to the **Status** screen on your router and locate the WAN information for your router. As shown on the following page the WAN IP Address will be listed. This will be the address that you will need to type in your web browser to view your camera over the Internet. Be sure to uncheck the **Reset IP address at next boot** button at the top of the screen after modifying the IP address. Failure to do so will reset the IP address when you restart your computer.



Your WAN IP Address will be listed here.

Note: Because a dynamic WAN IP can change from time to time depending on your ISP, you may want to obtain a Static IP address from your ISP. A Static IP address is a fixed IP address that will not change over time and will be more convenient for you to use to access your camera from a remote location. If you could not get a Static IP address from your ISP, the DDNS™ or DDNS is a solution alternatively.

(3) Open/set Virtual Server Ports to enable remote image viewing

The firewall security features built into the router and most routers prevent users from accessing the video from the device over the Internet. The router connects to the Internet over a series of numbered ports. The ports normally used by the device are blocked from access over the Internet. Therefore, these ports need to be made accessible over the Internet. This is accomplished using the **Virtual Server** function on the router. The Virtual Server ports used by the camera must be opened through the router for remote access to your camera. Virtual Server is accessed by clicking on the **Advanced** tab of the router screen.

Follow these steps to configure your router's Virtual Server settings

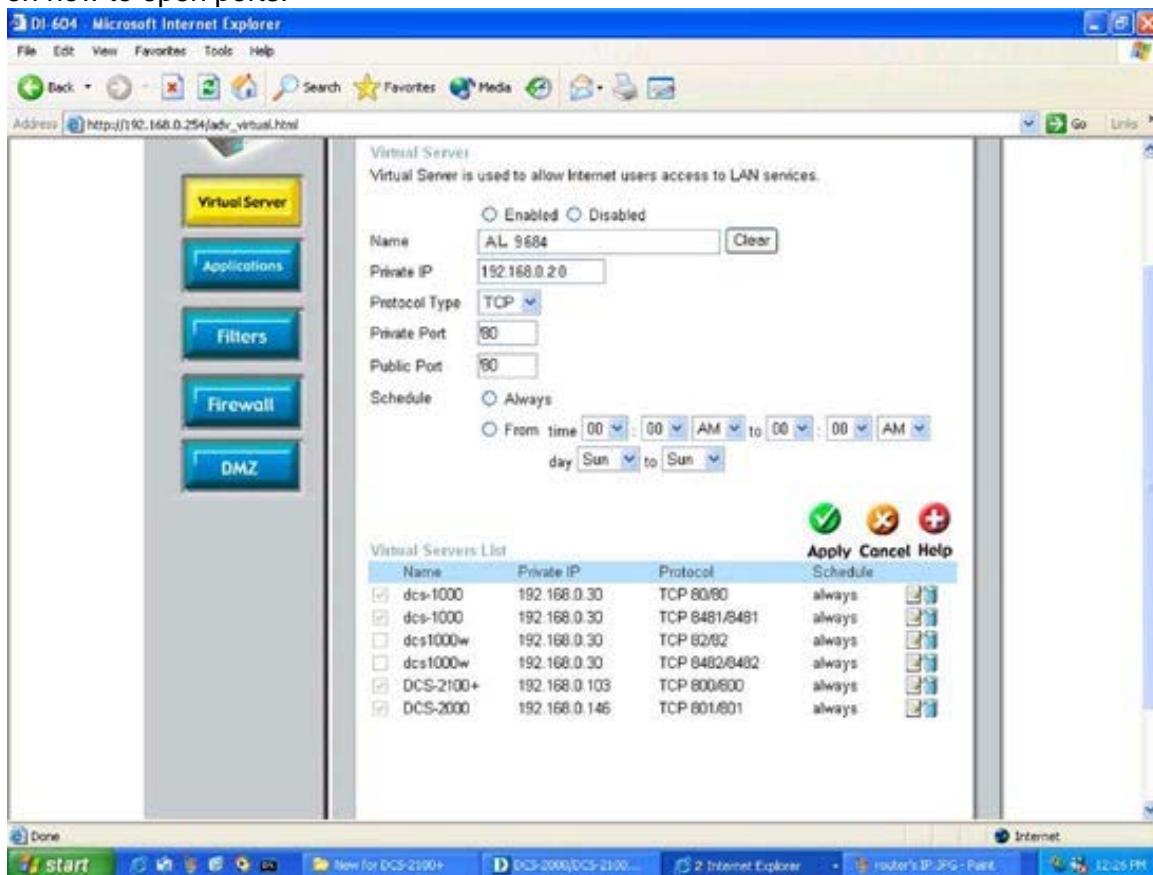
- Click **Enabled**.
- Enter a unique name for each entry.
- Select **Both** under **Protocol Type (TCP and UDP)**
- Enter your camera's local IP Address (e.g., **192.168.0.100**, for example) in the **Private IP** field.
- If you are using the default camera port settings, enter **80** into the **Public** and

Private Port section, click **Apply**.

- **Scheduling** should be set to **Always** so that the camera images can be accessed at any time.

A check mark appearing before the entry name will indicate that the ports are enabled.

Important: Some ISPs block access to port 80. Be sure to check with your ISP so that you can open the appropriate ports accordingly. If your ISP does not pass traffic on port 80, you will need to change the port the camera uses from 80 to something else, such as 8080. Not all routers are the same, so refer to your user manual for specific instructions on how to open ports.



Enter valid ports in the **Virtual Server** section of your router. Please make sure to check the box on this line to enable settings. Then the device can be access from WAN by the router's WAN IP Address.

By now, you have finished your entire PC configuration for this device.

Appendix G: Power Line Frequency

COUNTRY	VOLTAGE	FREQUENCY	COMMENTS
Argentina	220V	50 Hz	*Neutral and line wires are reversed from that used in Australia and elsewhere.
Australia	230V*	50 Hz	*Outlets typically controlled by adjacent switch. Though <i>nominal</i> voltage has been officially changed to 230V, 240V is within tolerances and commonly found.
Austria	230V	50 Hz	
Brazil	110/220V*	60 Hz	*127V found in states of Bahia, Paran? (including Curitiba), Rio de Janeiro, S Paulo and Minas Gerais (though 220V may be found in some hotels). Other areas are 220V only, with the exception of Fortaleza (240V).
Canada	120V	60 Hz	
China, People's Republic of	220V	50 Hz	
Finland	230V	50 Hz	
France	230V	50 Hz	
Germany	230V	50 Hz	
Hong Kong	220V*	50 Hz	
India	230V	50 Hz	
Italy	230V	50 Hz	
Japan	100V	50/60 Hz*	*Eastern Japan 50 Hz (Tokyo, Kawasaki, Sapporo, Yokohoma, and Sendai); Western Japan 60 Hz (Osaka, Kyoto, Nagoya, Hiroshima)
Malaysia	240V	50 Hz	
Netherlands	230V	50 Hz	
Portugal	230V	50 Hz	
Spain	230V	50 Hz	
Sweden	230V	50 Hz	
Switzerland	230V	50 Hz	
Taiwan	110V	60 Hz	
Thailand	220V	50 Hz	
United Kingdom	230V*	50 Hz	*Outlets typically controlled by adjacent switch. Though <i>nominal</i> voltage has been officially changed to 230V, 240V is within tolerances and commonly found.
United States of America	120V	60 Hz	

Appendix H: 3GPP

To use the 3GPP function, in addition to previous section, you might need more information or configuration to make this function work.

Note that to use the 3GPP function, it strongly recommends to install the Networked Device with a public and fixed IP address without any firewall protection.

RTSP Port:

Port 554 is the default for RTSP service. However, sometimes, some service providers change this port number for some reasons. If so, user needs to change this port accordingly.

Dialing procedure:

1. Choose a verified player (PacketVideo or Realplayer currently)
2. Use the following URL to access:

`rtsp://host/mpeg4/media.3gp`

Where *host* is the host name or IP address of the camera.

Compatible 3G mobile phone:

Please contact your dealer to get the approved list of compatible 3G phone.